

## INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATION

3

6. Which of the following is not the characteristic of education
- (a) Life long activity
  - (b) Factual absorption
  - (c) Formal and informal activities
  - (d) Experiences of life
7. The basic source of educational objectives is
- (a) Human experience
  - (b) Schools
  - (c) Educational psychology
  - (d) Professional organization
8. According to Crow and Crow, the purpose of formal education is to
- (a) Make students more intelligent
  - (b) Make students active and constructive members of society
  - (c) Form definite opinions in the mind of students
  - (d) Create good name for the nation
9. Determining the aim of education is the responsibility of:
- (a) Parents
  - (b) Teachers
  - (c) Students
  - (d) Society
10. The real goal of education should be
- (a) Securing a certificate
  - (b) Acquiring skills, habits and knowledge
  - (c) Training to make a living
  - (d) Mastery of subject matter

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11. Education planned with a particular end in view is
  - (a) Formal education
  - (b) Informal education
  - (c) Both a & b
  - (d) None of a & b
12. Non-formal education has
  - (a) Flexible rules of entry and exit
  - (b) Rigid rules of entry and exit
  - (c) No rules of entry and exit
  - (d) Few rules of entry and exit
13. Formal education has
  - (a) Flexible rules of entry and exit
  - (b) Rigid rules of entry and exit
  - (c) No rules of entry and exit
  - (d) Few rules of entry and exit
14. Informal education has
  - (a) Flexible rules of entry and exit
  - (b) Rigid rules of entry and exit
  - (c) No rules of entry and exit
  - (d) Few rules of entry and exit
15. The education confined to educational institution is
  - (a) Informal education
  - (b) Non-formal education
  - (c) Formal education
  - (d) Learning
16. Education is imparted mostly by correspondence in
  - (a) Formal education
  - (b) Informal education
  - (c) Non formal education
  - (d) Technical education

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17. Education is not pre planned in
  - (a) Formal education
  - (b) ☒ Informal education
  - (c) Non-formal education
  - (d) both a and c
18. Informal education is
  - (a) Just schooling
  - (b) Time bound
  - (c) ☒ Life long
  - (d) Preplanned
19. What is the most important element of non-formal education
  - (a) Teacher
  - (b) Student
  - (c) ☒ Media
  - (d) School
20. Which one is not the source of formal education
  - (a) School
  - (b) Museum
  - (c) Library
  - (d) ☒ Home
21. Informal education is
  - (a) ☒ Planned
  - (b) ☒ Incidental
  - (c) Systematic
  - (d) Arranged
22. Formal education has well defined
  - (a) ☒ Curriculum
  - (b) System
  - (c) Method
  - (d) Approach
23. Which is not the element of educational process?
  - (a) Aims
  - (b) Curriculum
  - (c) Evaluation
  - (d) ☒ Motivation
24. The sum of curricular and co-curricular activities is
  - (a) Aim
  - (b) ☒ Curriculum
  - (c) Pedagogy
  - (d) Summative evaluation

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25. Pedagogy is concerned with  
(a) Aims (b) Contents  
(c) ☒ Teaching Methods (d) Evaluation
26. To determine the value or worth of any thing is  
(a) Aim (b) Content  
(c) Method (d) ☒ Evaluation
27. In educational process which one is evaluated  
(a) Aim (b) Contents  
(c) Methods (d) ☒ All of the above
28. The literal meaning of philosophy is  
(a) Love of knowledge (b) Love of truth  
(c) Love of values (d) ☒ Love of wisdom
29. Axiology in philosophy deals with  
(a) Knowledge (b) Reality  
(c) ☒ Values (d) Culture
30. Epistemology deals with  
(a) ☒ Knowledge (b) Reality  
(c) Values (d) Culture
31. Ontology deals with  
(a) Knowledge (b) ☒ Reality  
(c) Values (d) Culture
32. Ontology is also called as  
(a) ☒ Metaphysics (b) Axiology  
(c) Epistemology (d) Morphology
33. Metaphysics deals with the nature of  
(a) Values (b) Knowledge  
(c) Universe (d) ☒ Reality

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34. Eclecticism means borrowing beliefs from  
(a) One philosophy  
(b) Two philosophies  
(c) Three philosophy  
(d) ☒ Different philosophies
35. "Everlasting reality" is focused in  
(a) ☒ Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
36. "Useful culture and skill" is emphasized in  
(a) Perennialism (b) ☒ Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
37. "Life is continuous changing process" is the base of  
(a) Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) ☒ Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
38. "Reforms are necessary in all walks of life" is focused in  
(a) Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) ☒ Reconstructionism
39. Study of great books is at the core of  
(a) ☒ Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
40. Who is not among major exponent of perennialism  
(a) Bentock (b) Adler  
(c) Hutchins (d) ☒ John Dewey
41. School should be run on democratic lines is held by  
(a) Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) ☒ Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism

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42. Essentialists stress on  
(a) ☒ Mental discipline (b) Innovation  
(c) Change (d) Reduced knowledge
43. "Human nature remains the same every where hence education should be same for every one" is the philosophy of  
(a) ☒ Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
44. According to which experimental knowledge is real  
(a) Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) ☒ Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
45. Ethics and aesthetics are components of  
(a) Cosmology (b) Ontology  
(c) Epistemology (d) ☒ Axiology
46. Progressivist teacher put more emphasis on  
(a) Abstract ideas (b) ☒ Practical education  
(c) Theoretical concept (d) Methods
47. The curriculum will be "Child centered" if teacher is  
(a) Realist (b) Perennialist  
(c) ☒ Progressivist (d) Essentialist
48. Learning should be directly related to the interest of the child according to  
(a) Essentialism (b) ☒ Progressivism  
(c) Reconstructionism (d) Perennialism
49. Essentialists would get their aim of education from  
(a) Great books (b) Student interest  
(c) religion (d) ☒ Traditions

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50. Essentialist philosophy of education is  
(a) ☒ Content and teacher centered  
(b) Child centered  
(c) Need centered  
(d) society centered
51. "Education is life itself, not a preparation for life", according to  
(a) Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) ☒ Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
52. According to which philosophy, "Permanence is more real than change".  
(a) ☒ Perennialism (b) Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstructionism
53. Perennialism is an educational philosophy of  
(a) New values (b) ☒ Old values  
(c) Future values (d) Old and new values
54. The objective of education comes from  
(a) ☒ Philosophy (b) Psychology  
(c) Curriculum (d) Sociology
55. Sociological aims of education includes  
(a) Cultural growth (b) Skills  
(c) Dutifulness (d) ☒ All above
56. The application of philosophy in education may be  
(a) Selection of contents  
(b) Selection of methods  
(c) ☒ Selection of objectives  
(d) Selection of evaluation procedures

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57. "Philosophy and education are two sides of a coin" according to

- (a) John Dewey (b) ☒ Ross  
(c) James (d) Kant

58. An important question of philosophy is

- (a) What is education?  
(b) What is curriculum?  
(c) What is curiosity?  
(d) ☒ What is universe?

59. To seek truth and reality is the subject of

- (a) Education (b) Values  
(c) ☒ Philosophy (d) Psychology

60. Every system of education is based on

- (a) ☒ Ideology of nation  
(b) Social development  
(c) Intellectual development  
(d) Skill development

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61. Word philosophy is derived from

- (a) Alpha & Amphia (b) ☒ Phila & Sophia  
(c) Sila & Sophia (d) Neo & Latvia

62. Expected life outcomes from education are reffered as

- (a) Learning (b) Evaluation  
(c) ☒ Aims (d) Pedagogy

63. Being the science of wisdom, philosophy aims at

- (a) Search for activity  
(b) ☒ Search for reality  
(c) Search for probability  
(d) Search for utility

64. The first head of the Deoband was  
(a) Maulana Shah Wali-ullah  
(b) ✓ Maulana M. Yaqub Nanautwi  
(c) Maulana Mehmood ul Hassan  
(d) Shabir Ahmand Usmani
65. The Deoband academy was totally  
(a) Personal (b) Government  
(c) ✓ Non-government (d) Semi-government
66. The Deoband movement used curriculum revision as  
(a) ✓ Motive (b) Need  
(c) Agreement (d) Improvement
67. The Ulama of Deobond played a vital role in  
(a) Spreading English cultures  
(b) ✓ Spreading Islamic culture  
(c) Awarding scholarship (d) Science education
68. The Deoband was established in  
(a) 1857 (b) ✓ 1867  
(c) 1885 (d) 1906
69. The salient feature of Deoband movement was  
(a) English system of education  
(b) Proliferation of science  
(c) ✓ Revival of religious spirit  
(d) Literature
70. The Deoband movement ignored  
(a) ✓ Science (b) Philosophy  
(c) Logic (d) Religion

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- 12
71. M.A.O High school was established in  
 (a) 1857 (b) 1865  
 (c) 1875 (d) 1885
72. M.A.O High school was given the rank of college in  
 (a) 1864 (b) 1875  
 (c) 1877 (d) 1887
73. Scientific society was established in  
 (a) 1864 (b) 1875  
 (c) 1877 (d) 1887
74. Scientific society was established by  
 (a) Sir Allama Iqbal  
 (b) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan  
 (c) Shibli Nomani  
 (d) Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
75. M.A.O college was elevated to Aligarh University in  
 (a) 1891 (b) 1911  
 (c) 1921 (d) 1931
76. The major impact of the Aligarh Movement was  
 (a) Political training  
 (b) Teaching of English  
 (c) Social activities  
 (d) Religious activities
77. The major objective of Aligarh Movement was to promote  
 (a) Education (b) Hatred for Hindus  
 (c) Scientific look (d) Literacy

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78. Which one was not among the purposes of Aligarh movement
- (a) To reduce hatred of British
  - (b) To prepose Muslims to learn English
  - (c) To prepare Muslims to learn science
  - (d) To prepare Muslims against Hindus
79. Jamia Millia Islamia was established on
- (a) 1900
  - (b) 1210
  - (c) 1930
  - (d) 1940
80. Jamia Millia Islamia ws established by
- (a) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
  - (b) Moulana Shoukat Ali Johar
  - (c) Moulana M. Ali Johar
  - (d) Hakeem Ajmal Khan
81. In Jamia Millia, the medium of instruction was
- (a) English
  - (b) Arabic
  - (c) Urdu
  - (d) Urdu
82. In Jamia Millia, the translation of Holy Quran was taught as
- (a) Stage 1
  - (b) Stage 2
  - (c) Stage 3
  - (d) Stage 4
83. Jamia Millia could not became popular among Muslims due to its opposition to
- (a) Hindus
  - (b) British
  - (c) Two nation theory
  - (d) Tehrik-e-khilafat
84. Jamia Millia emphasized on
- (a) Religious education
  - (b) Science education
  - (c) Both a and b
  - (d) None of a and b

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92. Education conference 1947 was held at  
(a) Lahore (b) ☒ Karachi  
(c) Peshawar (d) Quetta
93. Education conference 1947 was presided by  
(a) Quaid-e-Azam (b) Liaqat Ali Khan  
(c) ☒ Fazal-ur-Rehman (d) Abdul Rub Nishtar
94. Objective of education under education conference 1947 were  
(a) Conformity with Ideology of life  
(b) Economic development  
(c) Character formation  
(d) ☒ All above
95. According to the recommendations of Indian Education Commission, govt. took the responsibility of  
(a) ☒ Primary education  
(b) Secondary education  
(c) ☒ Religious education  
(d) Higher education
96. Council of Technical Education was recommended to establish under  
(a) ☒ Education Conference 1947  
(b) National Education Commission 1959  
(c) National Education Policy 1970  
(d) National Education Policy 1972
97. National Education Commission 1959 was established under the headship of  
(a) Fazal ur Rehman (b) ☒ S. M. Sharif  
(c) Liaqat Ali Khan (d) Abdul Rub Nishtar

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98. Objectives of education under National Education Commission 1959 were .
- (a) Spiritual values
  - (b) Ideology of Pakistan
  - (c) Development of individuality
  - ☒ (d) All of the above
99. Text Book Board was recommended to establish under
- (a) Education conference 1947
  - ☒ (b) National Education Commission 1959
  - (c) National Education Policy 1970
  - (d) National Education Policy 1972
100. National Education Policy 1970 was headed by
- (a) Fazal ur Rehman
  - (b) S. M. Sharif
  - ☒ (c) Noor khan
  - (d) Abdul Rub Nishtas
101. National Education Policy 1972 was headed by
- (c) Noor Khan
  - ☒ (d) Abdul Hafeez Pirzada
102. Private educational institutions were nationalized under
- (a) National Educational Commission 1959
  - (b) National Education Policy 1970
  - ☒ (c) National Education Policy 1972
  - (d) National Education Policy 1978
103. Under National Education Policy 1972, free education was recommended upto class
- (a) 5
  - ☒ (c) 10
  - (b) 8
  - (d) 12

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17

104. Open University was established under the policy  
(a) 1959 (b) 1970  
(c) 1972 (d) 1978
105. The focus of National Education Policy 1978 was on  
(a) Islamic values (b) Ideology of Pakistan  
(c) Both a and b (d) None of a and b
106. Charter Act was presented in  
(a) 1800 (b) 1806  
(c) 1813 (d) 1820
107. According to Charter Act 1813, education is the responsibility of  
(a) Governor (b) East India Company  
(c) Madarus (d) Local government
108. The amount set apart by East India Company for educational purpose will be Rs.  
(a) 50000 (b) 100000  
(c) 200000 (d) 300000
109. The objective of education according to charter act  
(a) Islamic education  
(b) Technical education  
(c) Preaching Christianity  
(d) Preaching Hinduism
110. The medium of instruction for promotion of scientific knowledge according to charter Act will be  
(a) Urdu (b) Hindi  
(c) Sanskrit (d) English

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111. The charter Act of East India Company was renewed in  
 (a) 1815 (b) 1820  
 (c) 1830 (d) ☒ 1833
112. East India Company could not implement Charter Act for  
 (a) 5 years (b) 7 years  
 (c) ☒ 10 years (d) 15 years
113. Lord Macaulay/Bentick Resolution was passed in  
 (a) 1830 (b) 1833  
 (c) ☒ 1835 (d) 1838
114. Which is not the characteristic of Lord Macaulay Report  
 (a) ☒ Revival of eastern knowledge  
 (b) Proliferation of western and scientific knowledge  
 (c) English as medium of instruction  
 (d) All of the above
115. According to Lord Macaulay one purpose of education was  
 (a) To develop moral values  
 (b) ☒ To produce clerks  
 (c) Intellectual development  
 (d) Physical development
116. Charles Wood Despatch was presented in  
 (a) 1833 (b) ☒ 1854  
 (c) 1857 (d) 1870

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117. Under Wood Dispatch in 1857, three universities established were:
- (a) Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore
  - (b) Madras, Calcutta, Lahore
  - (c) ☒ Bombay, Calcutta, Madras
  - (d) Bombay, Lahore, Madras
118. Punjab university was established in
- (a) 1880
  - (b) ☒ 1887
  - (c) 1890
  - (d) 1906
119. Indian education commission was established in
- (a) ☒ 1882
  - (b) 1887
  - (c) 1890
  - (d) 1892
120. Indian education commission was established under headship of
- (a) Sir Charles Wood
  - (b) Lord Maculay
  - (c) Sir Thomas
  - (d) ☒ Sir William Hunter
121. Planned and systematic education system to provide an individual of any age a second chance of education is:
- (a) Formal Education
  - (b) Informal Education
  - (c) ☒ Non-formal Education
  - (d) Post Formal Education
122. Formal and informal types of education are:
- (a) ☒ Supplementary to each other
  - (b) Opposite to each other
  - (c) Compulsory for all
  - (d) For children only

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129. Nadva Movement was established to develop and promote:
- (a) Religious education only
  - (b) Modern education only
  - (c) Both religious and modern education
  - (d) Two Nation Theory
130. The common element between Nadva Movement and Jamia Millia Islamia was emphasis on:
- (a) Vocational education
  - (b) Oriental Education
  - (c) Elimination of differences between Muslims
  - (d) Modern and religious education
131. "No system of education is better than its teachers who serve it", is said in:
- (a) Education Conference 1947
  - (b) National Education Commission 1959
  - (c) National Education Policy 1972
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It was decided that primary education upto class five will become universal by 1979 and for girls by 1982 and upto class eight for boys by 1982 and for girls by 1987:

- (a) Educational Conference 1947
- (b) National Education Commission 1959
- (c) National Education Policy 1972-80
- (d) Third Five Year Plan 1965-70

7. Which is not the type of communication channel
- (a) Speaking, listening
  - (b) Writing, reading
  - (c) Visualizing, observing
  - ☒ (d) Thinking, acting
8. Communication without words is called
- ☒ (a) Non-verbal communication
  - (b) Verbal communication
  - (c) Oral communication
  - (d) Written communication
9. The number of English Language communication skills are
- (a) 2
  - (b) 3
  - ☒ (c) 4
  - (d) 5
10. English language communication skills are
- ☒ (a) Listening, thinking, speaking, reading
  - (b) Listening, speaking, skimming, reading
  - (c) Listening, speaking, reading, writing
  - (d) Thinking, skimming, reading, writing
11. The first objective of teaching English is to develop
- ☒ (a) Listening skill
  - (b) Speaking skill
  - (c) Reading skill
  - (d) Writing skill
12. The number of kinds of sounds are
- ☒ (a) 2
  - (b) 3
  - (c) 4
  - (d) 5

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13. The kinds of sounds are  
(a) Consonant sounds, oral sounds  
(b) Oral sounds, vowel sound  
(c) Verbal sounds, consonant sound  
(d) ☒ Consonant sounds, vowel sounds
14. Phoneme is the unit of sound  
(a) Maximum  
(b) ☒ Minimum  
(c) Medium  
(d) Large
15. Which one is not the articulator  
(a) ☒ Face  
(b) Tongue  
(c) Lips  
(d) Teeth
16. Uttering with the force of breath is  
(a) Consonant  
(b) Vowel  
(c) Phonemes  
(d) ☒ Stress
17. The number of branches of phonetics are  
(a) 2  
(b) 3  
(c) 4  
(d) 5
18. Phonology is the study of how sounds are  
(a) Produced  
(b) Transmitted  
(c) ☒ Organized  
(d) Distinguished
19. The highest level in linguistics is  
(a) Phonology  
(b) ☒ Phonetics  
(c) Morphology  
(d) Pragmatics
20. The number of vowels in English are  
(a) 2  
(b) 3  
(c) 4  
(d) ☒ 5

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21. The number of consonants in English are  
(a) 15 (b) ~~21~~  
(c) 26 (d) 31
22. The conversion of spoken words into written language is  
(a) Transplantation (b) Transmission  
(c) ~~Transcription~~ (d) Translation
23. The degree of force with which a word is uttered  
(a) ~~Stress~~ (b) Citation  
(c) Translation (d) Transmission
24. Orthography means  
(a) Speaking system  
(b) Listening system  
(c) ~~Writing system~~  
(d) Reading system
25. The number of vowel sound is  
(a) 5 (b) 15  
(c) ~~20~~ (d) 26
26. The number of consonant sound is  
(a) 15 (b) 21  
(c) ~~24~~ (d) 26
27. The number of phonemes in standard British English is  
(a) 5 (b) 20  
(c) 24 (d) ~~44~~
28. The letters which are written but not spoken are  
(a) Vowels (b) Consonants  
(c) Small (d) ~~Silent~~

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29. A phoneme is a  
(a) Symbol (b) Letter  
(c) ☒ Sound (d) Word
30. Linguistic is the scientific study of  
(a) Language (b) ☒ Sounds  
(c) Words (d) Sentence
31. "Language is a vehicle for expression of feeling" is  
(a) Formal view (b) Structural view  
(c) ☒ Functional view (d) Traditional view
32. How language is structured is  
(a) Functional view (b) ☒ Structural view  
(c) Communitive view (d) Traditional view
33. Arbitrariness means  
(a) Chosen with reason  
(b) ☒ Chosen without reason  
(c) Random selection  
(d) Rationale
34. The spoken languages in the world are about  
(a) ☒ 3000 (b) 3500  
(c) 4000 (d) 4500
35. According to David crystal, the total number of languages are  
(a) 4809 (b) 5809  
(c) ☒ 6809 (d) 7809
36. According to David crystal, the number of language families is  
(a) 50 (b) ☒ 100  
(c) 150 (d) 200

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37. In listening, the following is involved
- (a) Ears
  - (b) Tongue
  - (c) Mind
  - (d) ☒ Ears and mind
38. Listening means
- (a) Lending ear
  - (b) lending ear to spoken words
  - (c) ☒ Lending ear to spoken words to understand message
  - (d) Hearing the sounds around
39. The first step in listening is
- (a) Short term memory
  - (b) Long term memory
  - (c) Prediction
  - (d) ☒ Perception and decoding
40. STM stand for
- (a) Short time memory
  - (b) Short term memory
  - (c) Short time message
  - (d) Short term message
41. LTM stands for
- (a) ☒ Long term memory
  - (b) Long time memory
  - (c) Long term message
  - (d) Long time message
42. According to Rivers and Temperley, time devoted to listening in communication activities is
- (a) 9 %
  - (b) 16 %
  - (c) 30 %
  - (d) ☒ 45 %

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43. Time devoted to speaking in communication activities is  
(a) 9 % (b) 16 %  
(c) 30 % (d) 45 %
44. Time devoted to reading in communication activities is  
(a) 9 % (b) 16 %  
(c) 30 % (d) 45 %
45. Time devoted to writing in communication activities is  
(a) 9 % (b) 16 %  
(c) 30 % (d) 45 %
46. Global listening is also called as  
(a) Intensive listening (b) Extensive listening  
(c) Discrete listening (d) Listening for detail
47. Discrete listening is also known as  
(a) Intensive listening (b) Extensive listening  
(c) Global listening (d) Listening for gist
48. Listening an amusing radio programme is  
(a) Discrete listening (b) Listening for detail  
(c) Intensive listening (d) Extensive listening
49. Listening public announcements at railway station is  
(a) Global (b) Listening for gist  
(c) Intensive listening (d) Extensive listening
50. Dictation means  
(a) Test of writing (b) Test of memory  
(c) Oral test (d) Objective type test
51. Cloze means  
(a) Close (b) Missing part  
(c) Filled part (d) Associated part

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52. Which one is the authentic material  
(a) Books (b) Library  
(c) ☒ real life (d) Magazine
53. Reading means  
(a) Recognition  
(b) Observing text  
(c) Comprehension  
(d) ☒ Recognition and comprehension
54. Intonation is the use of  
(a) Words (b) Sentences  
(c) ☒ Tunes (d) Syllables
55. Skimming is a type of  
(a) Writing (b) ☒ Reading  
(c) Speaking (d) Listening
56. Skimming means reading quickly to know  
(a) What is it about  
(b) Specific piece of information  
(c) Full understanding of text  
(d) None of the above
57. Scanning means reading quickly to know  
(a) What is it about  
(b) ☒ Specific piece of information  
(c) Full understanding of text  
(d) All of the above
58. "Which of the titles fits the text best" is the example of  
(a) ☒ Skimming (b) Scanning  
(c) Intensive reading (d) Extensive vending



59. See the time table and tell the break time is the example of  
(a) Skimming (b) ☒ Scanning  
(c) Intensive reading (d) Extensive reading
60. Reading the question paper in the examination hall is the example of  
(a) ☒ Intensive reading (b) Extensive reading  
(c) Scanning (d) Skimming
61. Novel reading is an example of  
(a) Intensive reading (b) ☒ Extensive reading  
(c) Scanning (d) Skimming
62. 3 Rs stand for  
(a) Read, recall, revise  
(b) Read, revise, review  
(c) ☒ Read, recall, review  
(d) Read, recall, write
63. In SQ 3R, S stands for  
(a) Study (b) Student  
(c) Summary (d) ☒ Survey
64. In SQ 3R, Q stands for  
(a) Quotation (b) Quarter  
(c) ☒ Question (d) Quota
65. Punctuation means  
(a) ☒ Marks (b) Regularity  
(c) Sound (d) Alphabets
66. Which one is correct spelling  
(a) Forgetting (b) Forgetting  
(c) ☒ Foregetting (d) Foregetting

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67. Which one is the correct spelling  
(a) Supredent (b) Suprident  
(c) Superentendent (d) ☒ Superintendent
68. "College" is a  
(a) ☒ Noun (b) Pronoun  
(c) Adjective (d) Verb
69. "You" is a  
(a) Noun (b) ☒ Pronoun  
(c) Adjective (d) Verb
70. "Strong" is a  
(a) Noun (b) Pronoun  
(c) ☒ Adjective (d) Verb
71. "Read" is a  
(a) Noun (b) Pronoun  
(c) Adjective (d) ☒ Verb
72. "And" is a  
(a) Adverb (b) Preposition  
(c) ☒ Conjunction (d) Pronoun
73. What a fine day it is!  
(a) Assertive sentence  
(b) Imperative sentence  
(c) ☒ Optative sentence  
(d) Exclamatory sentence
74. "May you live long!" is a  
(a) Assertive sentence  
(b) Imperative sentence  
(c) ☒ Optative sentence  
(d) Exclamatory sentence

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75. "Ahmad is going to school" is a  
(a) ☒ Assertive sentence  
(b) Imperative sentence  
(c) Optative sentence  
(d) Exclamatory sentence
76. Phonetics is the study of:  
(a) Letters  
(b) Words  
(c) ☒ Sounds  
(d) Phrases
77. English pronunciation is very:  
(a) Regular  
(b) ☒ Systematic  
(c) Interesting  
(d) Common
78. Consonants are produced with some \_\_\_\_\_ in the mouth:  
(a) Gap  
(b) ☒ Friction  
(c) Tapping  
(d) None
79. Articulatory Phonetics deal with the way how speech  
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(a) ☒ Produced  
(b) Received  
(c) Classified  
(d) Used
80. A good handout should have parts:  
(a) ☒ Two  
(b) Three  
(c) Four  
(d) Five
81. "Schedule Reading" is an example of:  
(a) ☒ Intensive Reading  
(b) Extensive Reading  
(c) Scanning  
(d) Skimming
82. How many areas of language are to be taught for efficiency:  
(a) One  
(b) Two  
(c) Three  
(d) ☒ Four



83. The word "Dismay" is a:  
(a) Noun (b) Verb  
(c) ☒ Adjective (d) Pronoun
84. What is the correct spelling:  
(a) ☒ Picnicing (b) Pickicking  
(c) Pickniking (d) Picknicking
85. Extensive reading is adopted for:  
(a) Pleasure  
(b) ☒ Passing the examination  
(c) Getting the gist of a text  
(d) For specific information
86. Cartoons can be used in the class to:  
(a) Amuse the students  
(b) ☒ Teaching them to draw pictures  
(c) Teach language  
(d) Copy pictures
87. The word "Infernal" is a:  
(a) Noun (b) Pronoun  
(c) Adjective (d) ☒ Adverb
88. You are \_\_\_\_\_ than I:  
(a) Lucky (b) Luckiest  
(c) ☒ The Luckier (d) Luckier
89. He is too shy to meet:  
(a) Some Body (b) ☒ Anybody  
(c) No Body (d) Every Body
90. Bad students never \_\_\_\_\_ hard:  
(a) Are Working (b) Works  
(c) Working (d) ☒ Work

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38. A union of any 2 vowels in 1 Source  
Qualify B.Ed 2009 (Volume - 1)

91. What is the total number of diphthongs in English language?

- (a) 5 (b) ☒ 6  
(c) 7 (d) 8

92. The rise and fall of the pitch of our voice is:

- (a) Rhythm (b) Stress  
(c) ☒ Intonation (d) Syllables

### LESSON - GIFT OF THE MAGI

93. The common thing in Jim and the watch chain was

- (a) Dullness (b) Simplicity  
(c) Quietness (d) ☒ Quietness and value

94. Short hair made her wonderful like a

- (a) School girl (b) Ugly woman  
(c) ☒ Pretty woman (d) Dame

95. Della prayed that

- (a) May she live long  
(b) May she has good health  
(c) ☒ May he think her still pretty  
(d) May she had beautiful hair

96. Della has countless

- (a) Expressions (b) Jewels  
(c) Diamonds (d) ☒ Feelings

97. Jim bought a gift of

- (a) Perfume (b) ☒ Combs  
(c) Rose (d) Watch

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98. Della bought a gift of  
 (a) A shirt (b) A chain  
 (c) A watch (d) A golden watch chain
99. "Down fell the brown water fall" means  
 (a) Della's hair fell down  
 (b) The water fell down  
 (c) The brown water fell down  
 (d) There was brown reflection of water
100. Della's hair were long enough to reach below her  
 (a) Shoulder (b) Back  
 (c) Neck (d) Knee
101. Della's hair was more beautiful than  
 (a) Gold  
 (b) Diamond  
 (c) Queen's jewels and gifts  
 (d) Water fall
102. Two valuable things that James Dillingham Youngs has  
 (a) Della's hair and dress  
 (b) Jims gold watch and shirt  
 (c) Della's dress and Jim's shirt  
 (d) Jim's gold watch and Della's hair

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## THE NECKLACE

103. Loisel was a  
 (a) Teacher (b) Shopkeeper  
 (c) Clerk (d) Secretary



36

75.

76.

77.

78.

79

80

8

104. Mathilda borrowed a

(a) Diamond

(c) Dress

(b) Car

~~(d)~~ Necklace

105. In the party, Matilda was

(a) Absent

(c) A failure

~~(b)~~ A success

(d) Not important

106. Mathilda's friend was

(a) Madam Jannie

(c) Madam Loisel

~~(b)~~ Madam Forestier

(d) Madam Rompou

107. Mr. Loisel promised to give his wife

(a) 200 francs

~~(c)~~ 400 francs

(b) 300 francs

(d) 500 francs

108. The party was held on

~~(a)~~ January 18

(c) July 18

(b) February 8

(d) December 8

109. Matilda was utterly miserable at not having

(a) Ring

(c) Necklace

(b) Shoes

~~(d)~~ Jewel

110. The real price of necklace was

~~(a)~~ 400 francs

(c) 600 francs

(b) 500 francs

(d) 1000 francs

## THE WILD SWANS AT COOLE

111. The "Wild Swans at Coole" is written by

(a) Words Worth

~~(c)~~ W. B Yeast

(b) John Keats

(d) Robert Frost

ENG

112.

113.

114.

115.

116.

117.

STO

118.

119.



112. Coole is the name of a  
(a) Jungle (b) Building  
(c) ☒ Park (d) Bazar
113. The word scattered means  
(a) Select (b) ☒ Disperse  
(c) Reject (d) Change
114. The word drift means  
(a) ☒ Move (b) Stop  
(c) Drag (d) Pull
115. The central idea of the poem is  
(a) Patriotism (b) Beauty  
(c) ☒ Change (d) Nature
116. How many swans were there in the lake  
(a) 40 (b) 49  
(c) 55 (d) ☒ 59
117. Time has not changed the beauty of the  
(a) Park (b) ☒ Swan  
(c) Jungle (d) Poet

### STOPPING BY WOODS

118. The poem "Stopping by Woods" is written by  
(a) Word's worth (b) John Keats  
(c) W.B. Yeast (d) ☒ Robert Frost
119. The poet is passing through a  
(a) ☒ Wood (b) Park  
(c) Bazar (d) Village



## THE LAST LESSON

136. Mr. Hamel was a  
(a) ☒ Teacher (b) Clerk  
(c) Soldier (d) Mechaine
137. Franz was frightened because  
(a) He was late (b) ☒ There was silence  
(c) Of terrible atmosphere (d) He was defaulting
138. Every student in the class looked  
(a) Happy (b) Angry  
(c) ☒ Sad (d) Fresh
139. Mr. Hamel served for  
(a) 15 years (b) 20 years  
(c) ☒ 30 years (d) 40 years
140. Mr. Hamel told that French language is  
(a) ☒ The clearest (b) Loud  
(c) The easiest (d) The most difficult
141. Central theme of the last lesson is  
(a) Truthfulness (b) Honesty  
(c) ☒ Patriotism (d) Love for nature
142. Mr. Hamel wrote on the black board  
(a) ☒ Vive La France  
(b) God is great  
(c) France is great  
(d) Learn French language

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## THE NEW CONSTITUTION

143. Ustad Mangu was a  
(a) Clerk (b) ☒ Tonga wala  
(c) Police man (d) Teacher
144. Ustad Mangu hated the  
(a) Hindus (b) Muslims  
(c) ☒ British (d) Soldiers
145. Ustad Mangu's friend Dino was  
(a) Police man (b) Clerk  
(c) Framer (d) ☒ Sweet vender
146. Toadies means  
(a) Foolish (b) Intelligent  
(c) ☒ Mother (d) ☒ Mother
147. Gora spoke  
(a) Hindi (b) English  
(c) French (d) ☒ Pidgin Urdu
148. What did Mangu say when he was arrested  
(a) ☒ There is new constitution  
(b) We are free now  
(c) We are independent  
(d) There is freedom now

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6. SOLO taxonomy consists of levels  
(a) 2 (b) 3  
(c) ☒ 4 (d) 5
7. With reference to solo taxonomy one aspect of a task is understood in  
(a) ☒ Unistructural level  
(b) Multistructural level  
(c) Relational level  
(d) Extended abstract level
8. Two or more aspects are understood in  
(a) Unistructural level (b) ☒ Multistructural level  
(c) Relational level (d) Extended abstract level  
Integration is developed between two or more Aspects in  
(a) Unistructural level (b) Multistructural level  
(c) ☒ Relational level (d) Extended abstract level
10. To go beyond the given information is  
(a) Unistructural level  
(b) Multistructural level  
(c) Relational level  
(d) ☒ Extended abstract level
11. SOLO taxonomy was presented by  
(a) Bloom (b) Krathwhol  
(c) Simpson (d) ☒ Biggs & Collis
12. Students are passive in  
(a) Project method (b) Discovery method  
(c) ☒ Lecture method (d) Inquiry method

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13. Symposium is a type of  
(a) Discovery method (b) ☒ Discussion method  
(c) Lecture method (d) Demonstration method
14. Heuristic means  
(a) ☒ To investigate (b) To show  
(c) To do (d) To act
15. Arm strong was the exponent of  
(a) Problem solving method  
(b) Project method  
(c) Discussion method  
(d) ☒ Heuristic method
16. According to Kilpatrick, the types of projects are  
(a) 2 (b) 3  
(c) ☒ 4 (d) 5
17. **Visit [Hired.pk](http://Hired.pk) for More Helping Material**  
(a) Physical action  
(b) Mental action  
(c) Many action  
(d) ☒ Physical and mental action
18. We move from specific to general in  
(a) ☒ Inductive method (b) Deductive method  
(c) Drill method (d) Discussion method
19. Practice is made in  
(a) Inductive method (b) Deductive method  
(c) ☒ Drill method (d) Discussion method

20. The Socratic method is known as  
(a) Lecture demonstration method  
(b) Discussion method  
(c) Inquiry method  
(d) ☒ Question - Answer method
21. Which is not true about projects  
(a) It is a purposeful activity  
(b) It is proceeded in social environment  
(c) It is accomplished in real life  
(d) ☒ It is teacher centred activity
22. Duration of lessons in macro-lesson plans is  
(a) 5 - 10 min (b) 10 - 20 min  
(c) 20 - 30 min (d) ☒ 35 - 45 min
23. In British approach of lesson planning, more emphasis is on  
(a) Activity  
(b) ☒ Teacher  
(c) Content presentation  
(d) Teacher and content presentation
24. American approach emphasizes  
(a) Teacher (b) Content presentation  
(c) ☒ Learning objectives (d) Methods
25. Which one is not the type of lesson plans on the basis of objectives  
(a) ☒ Micro lesson plan  
(b) Cognitive lesson plan  
(c) Affective lesson plan  
(d) Psychomotor lesson plan

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26. Which is not true about lesson plan
- (a) It develops confidence
  - (b) It helps in orderly delivery of contents
  - (c) ☒ It is developed by students
  - (d) It saves from haphazard teaching
27. A good drama does not include
- (a) Interesting story
  - (b) Alive dialogues
  - (c) ☒ Very long play
  - (d) Subject full of feelings
28. Which is not the objective of Drama / role play
- (a) Recreation and enjoyment
  - (b) Development of social skills
  - (c) Development of skills of conversation
  - (d) ☒ Do make rehearsals
29. Drama or role play is useful for teaching
- (a) ☒ History
  - (b) Science
  - (c) Maths
  - (d) Language
30. The main types of teleconferencing identified are
- (a) 2
  - (b) ☒ 3
  - (c) 4
  - (d) 5
31. Which is not the types of teleconferencing
- (a) Audio teleconferencing
  - (b) Video teleconferencing
  - (c) ☒ T.V teleconferencing
  - (d) Computer teleconferencing

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32. Which one is accountable in cooperative learning  
(a) Individual (b) Group  
(c) Both a & b (d) None of a & b
33. Cooperative learning is an alternative to  
(a) Competitive models (b) Teaching models  
(c) Lesson plans (d) Micro teaching
34. The number of students in cooperative learning groups are  
(a) 3 - 4 (b) 5 - 6  
(c) 8 - 10 (d) 10 - 15
35. The essential characteristic of cooperative learning is  
(a) Effective learning  
(b) Positive interdependence  
(c) Cooperation  
(d) Division of labour
36. The students like to spend the most of the time with  
(a) Teachers (b) Parents  
(c) Relatives (d) Peers
37. Peer culture constitutes  
(a) Socialization (b) Individualization  
(c) Both a & b (d) None of a & b
38. Which is not the advantage of team teaching  
(a) Better utilization of resources  
(b) Better planning  
(c) Better use of teaching techniques  
(d) Better financial benefits of teachers

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39. The hypothesis underlying team teaching is
- (a) Teachers feel bore while working alone
  - (b) Teacher are not competent
  - (c) ☒ The best teachers in schools are shared by more students
  - (d) The single teacher cannot control the class
40. CAI stands for
- (a) Computer analyzed instruction
  - (b) ☒ Computer assisted instruction
  - (c) Computer assisted interview
  - (d) Computer analyzed interview
41. Which is not the mode of CAI
- (a) Tutorial mode
  - (b) Drill mode
  - (c) Simulation mode
  - (d) ☒ Question mode
42. Example of psychomotor domain is that student:
- (a) Demonstrates awareness to environmental pollution
  - (b) ☒ Performs an experiment
  - (c) Can compare results of two experiments
  - (d) Can narrate a story
43. Ability to develop a life style based upon the preferred value system is:
- (a) Responding
  - (b) Valuing
  - (c) Organizing
  - (d) ☒ Characterizing
44. Example of cognitive domain is:
- (a) ☒ Describe a topic
  - (b) Develop an X-ray film
  - (c) Type a letter
  - (d) Take responsibility for tools

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45. At the highest level of hierarchy is:  
(a) Understanding (b) Application  
(c) Evaluation (d) Analysis
46. Student can design a laboratory according to certain specification in which category of objective?  
(a) Analysis (b) Synthesis  
(c) Evaluation (d) Knowledge
47. The number of domains in taxonomies of educational objectives is:  
(a) Two (b) Three  
(c) Five (d) Six
48. The highest level of cognitive domain is:  
(a) Synthesis (b) Analysis  
(c) Comprehension (d) Evaluation
49. The process of determining the value or worth of anything is:  
(a) Test (b) Measurement  
(c) Assessment (d) Evaluation
50. Educational objectives have been divided into:  
(a) Two domains (b) Three domains  
(c) Four domains (d) Five domains
51. Taxonomy of educational objectives was presented in:  
(a) 1946 (b) 1956  
(c) 1966 (d) 1976
52. The classification of cognitive domain was presented by:  
(a) Benjamin S. Bloom (b) Skinner  
(c) Krathwhol (d) Simpson

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53. Cognitive domain have:
- (a) Three subgroups (b) Four subgroups  
(c) Five subgroups (d) ☒ Six subgroups
54. The lowest level of learning in cognitive domain is:
- (a) Comprehension (b) Application  
(c) ☒ Knowledge (d) Synthesis
55. The highest level of learning in cognitive domain is:
- (a) ☒ Evaluation (b) Synthesis  
(c) Analysis (d) Application
56. The right sequence of subgroups of cognitive domain is:
- (a) Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Synthesis, Analysis, Evaluation  
(b) Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Evaluation, Analysis, Synthesis  
(c) Knowledge, Comprehension, Evaluation, Application, Analysis, Synthesis  
(d) ☒ Knowledge, Comprehension, Application, Analysis, Synthesis, Evaluation
57. Knowing / memorizing and recalling is concerned with:
- (a) Comprehension (b) Application  
(c) ☒ Knowledge (d) Evaluation
58. To grasp the meaning of the material is:
- (a) ☒ Comprehension (b) Application  
(c) Knowledge (d) Synthesis
59. To use previous learned material in new situation is:
- (a) Comprehension (b) ☒ Application  
(c) Knowledge (d) Analysis

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60. To break down material into component parts to know its organizational structure is:
- (a) Comprehension
  - (b) Application
  - (c) Analysis
  - (d) Synthesis
61. To put ideas together to form a new whole is:
- (a) Evaluation
  - (b) Synthesis
  - (c) Analysis
  - (d) Application
62. To know the worth or value of material is:
- (a) Analysis
  - (b) Application
  - (c) Knowledge
  - (d) Evaluation
63. The intellectual skills are reflected by:
- (a) Cognitive Domain
  - (b) Affective Domain
  - (c) Psychomotor Domain
  - (d) None of above
64. Attitudes, values and interests are reflected by:
- (a) Cognitive Domain
  - (b) Affective Domain
  - (c) Psychomotor Domain
  - (d) None of above
65. Which domain is concerned with physical and motor skills?
- (a) Cognitive Domain
  - (b) Affective Domain
  - (c) Psychomotor Domain
  - (d) None of above
66. The focus of cognitive domain is:
- (a) Physical and Motor Skills
  - (b) Intellectual Skills
  - (c) Attitudes and Interests
  - (d) None of above

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53.

67. The affective domain was classified by:

- (a) Benjamin S. Bloom (b) Simpson  
(c) ☒ Krathwohl (d) Bruner

54.

68. Affective domain is divided into:

- (a) Four subgroups (b) ☒ Five subgroups  
(c) Six subgroups (d) Seven subgroups

55.

69. The lowest level of learning in affective domain is:

- (a) ☒ Responding (b) Valuing  
(c) ☒ Attending (d) Organization

56

70. Which is placed at the highest level of learning in affective domain:

- (a) Attending (b) ☒ Responding  
(c) Organization (d) ☒ Characterization

71. Right order of sub-groups of affective domain is:

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Attending, Responding, Valuing, Characterization, Organization

5

(b) Attending, Responding, Characterization, Valuing, Organization

(c) Attending, Valuing, Responding, Organization, Characterization

5

(d) ☒ Attending, Responding, Valuing, Organization, Characterization

72.

Willingness to attend to particular phenomenon is:

- (a) ☒ Attending / Receiving  
(b) Responding  
(c) Valuing  
(d) Organization

73. Which sub-group of affective domain focuses on active participation in:
- (a) Attending / Receiving (b) ☒ Responding  
(c) Valuing (d) Organization
74. Bringing together different values into a consistent value system is:
- (a) Attending / Receiving (b) Responding  
(c) Valuing (d) ☒ Organization
75. Affective domain focuses on adoption of a value system as a part of life style in:
- (a) Responding (b) Valuing  
(c) Organization (d) ☒ Characterization
76. Psychomotor domain was classified by Simpson in:
- (a) 1962 (b) ☒ 1972  
(c) 1982 (d) 1992
77. Affective domain was divided into subgroups by Krathwhol in:
- (a) 1954 (b) ☒ 1964  
(c) 1974 (d) 1984
78. Psychomotor domain was divided by Simpson in :
- (a) Four subgroups (b) Five subgroups  
(c) Six subgroups (d) ☒ Seven subgroups
79. The characteristic of behavioural objective is:
- (a) Observable and Immeasurable  
(b) Non-observable and measurable  
(c) ☒ Observable and measurable  
(d) None of above

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80. The right sequence of sub-groups of psychomotor domain is:
- (a) Perception, Set, Guided response, Mechanism, Complex overt response, Adaptation, Origination
  - (b) Perception, Complex over response, Set, Guided response, Mechanism, Adaptation, Organization
  - (c) Set, Origination, Guided response, Mechanism, Complex overt response, Adaptation, Perception
  - (d) Guided response, Mechanism, Perception, Set, Adaptation, Organization, Complex overt response
81. Objective related to affective domain is:
- (a) Student can paint a picture
  - (b) Student can draw a graph
  - (c) Student values honesty
  - (d) Student can write a letter
82. Bringing together scientific ideas to form a unique idea is:
- (a) Application
  - (b) Analysis
  - (c) Synthesis
  - (d) Evaluation
83. Which is vast in scope:
- (a) Teaching Tactic
  - (b) Teaching Technique
  - (c) Teaching Strategy
  - (d) Teaching Method
84. Students find/explore the informations themselves in:
- (a) Lecture method
  - (b) Discovery method
  - (c) Both
  - (d) None

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85. Teacher performs practically and explains in:  
(a) Lecture method  
(b) Discovery method  
(c) ☒ Demonstration method  
(d) Problem solving method
86. Role of student is active in:  
(a) Discovery method (b) Problem solving method  
(c) Inquiry method (d) ☒ All above
87. Micro teaching is a:  
(a) Teaching method  
(b) ☒ Teacher training technique  
(c) Motivational technique  
(d) None of above
88. What is the time of presentation in Micro teaching?  
(a) 5 min (b) ☒ 5 - 10 min  
(c) 10 - 15 min (d) 15 - 20 min
89. What is the No. of students in micro teaching?  
(a) 1 - 15 (b) ☒ 5 - 10  
(c) 10 - 15 (d) 15 - 20
90. Microteaching started in:  
(a) 1950 (b) ☒ 1960  
(c) 1970 (d) 1980
91. Microteaching focuses on the competency over:  
(a) Methods (b) ☒ Skills  
(c) Contents (d) None of above

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92. Which is more suitable in teaching of science?  
(a) Lecture method (b) Demonstration method  
(c) Discussion method (d) Project method
93. Which one is exception?  
(a) Books (b) Magazines  
(c) Diagrams (d) T.V
94. Which is not included in print media?  
(a) Books (b) Magazines  
(c) Diagrams (d) T.V
95. How many senses a person uses while observing film?  
(a) 1 (b) 2  
(c) 3 (d) 4
96. How much knowledge is gained through the sense seeing?  
(a) 75% (b) 13%  
(c) 6% (d) 3%
97. How much knowledge is gained through the sense listening?  
(a) 75% (b) 13%  
(c) 6% (d) 3%
98. How much knowledge is gained through the sense touch?  
(a) 75% (b) 13%  
(c) 6% (d) 3%
99. How much knowledge is gained through the sense smell?  
(a) 75% (b) 13%  
(c) 6% (d) 3%

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100. How much knowledge is gained through the sense of taste?
- (a) 75% (b) ☒ 13%
- (c) 6% (d) 3%
101. According to W. Therber, types of Models are:
- (a) 2 (b) ☒ 3
- (c) 4 (d) 5
102. Mock up models are those which explain:
- (a) ☒ Principles or working of machine
- (b) Internal structure
- (c) External structure
- (d) None of above
103. A field trip is arranged for:
- (a) Making an excursion
- (b) ☒ See other people doing things
- (c) Note the meaning of action
- (d) All of the above
104. Interest can be created in students in specific topics of study by the use of:
- (a) Chalk board (b) Fellalin
- (c) ☒ Bulletin board (d) All of the above
105. The most direct experience from the following is that of:
- (a) ☒ Motion pictures (b) Visual symbol
- (c) Demonstration (d) ☒ Field trip

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106. What is true about Science Text Book?
- (a) There is no difference between textbook and curriculum
  - (b) ✓ Our teachers take textbook as curriculum
  - (c) Our teachers do not take textbook as a part curriculum
  - (d) Textbook does not help in the selection of instructional activities
107. Which one is a standard for demonstration method?
- (a) Students should observe the demonstration and teacher should not tell important finding
  - (b) To keep accuracy of results the teacher should dictate the result
  - (c) ✓ Demonstration should be pre-tested to remove the weakness in demonstration
  - (d) All of the above
108. Wragg has suggested how many numbers of students in a micro teaching class?
- (a) 35 to 40
  - (b) 25 to 30
  - (c) 15 to 20
  - (d) ✓ 5 to 10
109. What is the merits of microteaching?
- (a) Feedback helps in the improvement of method of teaching
  - (b) Due to shortage of time you divide the lesson plan into small units and thus gain mastery over the subject
  - (c) It helps in self evaluation and teacher build confidence in them
  - (d) ✓ All of the above

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110. Method based on the facts that students learn association, activity and cooperation is known as.
- (a) Demonstration
  - (b) ☒ Project
  - (c) Problem-solving
  - (d) Discussion
111. Exhibition of Science fairs promote students ability of:
- (a) Knowledge and comprehension
  - (b) ☒ Comprehension and application
  - (c) Higher order skills
  - (d) Lower order skills
112. The ultimate focus of scientific method is on:
- (a) Hypothesis formulation
  - (b) Observations
  - (c) Experimentation
  - (d) ☒ Formulation of a law/theory
113. What is the first step in the Project method of teaching?
- (a) Determination of activities
  - (b) ☒ Determination of objectives
  - (c) Planning
  - (d) Distribution of work
114. Which one is NOT the Psychological principle of teaching?
- (a) Proceed from concrete to abstract
  - (b) ☒ Proceed from complex to simple
  - (c) Proceed from known to unknown
  - (d) Proceed from simple to difficult

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115. Which is the SECOND step in the problem solving method?
- (a) Testing hypothesis
  - (b) Recognition and definition of problem
  - (c) Conclusion
  - (d) ☒ Formulation of hypothesis
116. Which is the best method of teaching Science at school level?
- (a) Lecture
  - (b) Analytical
  - (c) Direct
  - (d) ☒ Demonstration
117. Which is not the step of scientific method:
- (a) Observation
  - (b) Experiment
  - (c) Prediction
  - (d) ☒ Interview
118. The ultimate result of scientific method is:
- (a) ☒ Development of knowledge
  - (b) Development of technique
  - (c) Both a & b
  - (d) None of a & b
119. Aims are:
- (a) ☒ National expectations
  - (b) Institution expectations
  - (c) Learning expectations
  - (d) None of the above
120. Goals are at:
- (a) National level
  - (b) ☒ Subject level
  - (c) Classroom level
  - (d) All of the above

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121. Objectives are at:
- (a) ☒ National level
  - (b) ☐ Subject level
  - (c) ☐ Classroom level
  - (d) ☐ All of the above
122. To promote science and technology is:
- (a) ☒ Aim
  - (b) ☐ Goal
  - (c) ☐ Objective
  - (d) ☐ All of the above
123. To impart computer education is:
- (a) ☐ Aim
  - (b) ☒ Goal
  - (c) ☐ Objective
  - (d) ☐ All of the above
124. To identify the parts of the computer is:
- (a) ☐ Aim
  - (b) ☐ Goal
  - (c) ☒ Objective
  - (d) ☐ All of the above
125. "State first law of motion" indicator:
- (a) ☒ Knowledge
  - (b) ☐ Comprehension
  - (c) ☐ Application
  - (d) ☐ Evaluation
126. "State second law of motion" indicator:
- (a) ☐ Knowledge
  - (b) ☒ Comprehension
  - (c) ☐ Application
  - (d) ☐ Evaluation
127. Inquiry means:
- (a) ☒ To investigate
  - (b) ☐ To learn
  - (c) ☐ To teach
  - (d) ☐ To find
128. Inquiry method includes:
- (a) ☐ Observation
  - (b) ☐ Experiments
  - (c) ☒ Questioning answering
  - (d) ☐ Showing

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129. Which one is the best for large group instruction:  
 (a) ☒ Lecture method (b) Demonstration method  
 (c) Project method (d) Inquiry method
130. Useful for higher classes is:  
 (a) ☒ Lecture method (b) Demonstration method  
 (c) Project method (d) Inquiry method
131. First component of lesson planning is:  
 (a) ☒ Objectives (b) Presentation  
 (c) Homework (d) Summary
132. The teaching method recommended for elementary school science in Pakistan is:  
 (a) Lecture method (b) Project method  
 (c) ☒ Activity method (d) Laboratory method
133. It is a learning log of student's achievement:  
 (a) Project (b) Assessment  
 (c) ☒ Port Folio (d) Observation
134. Demonstration means:  
 (a) To perform (b) To develop  
 (c) ☒ To show (d) To observe
135. Herbert model for lesson planning has steps:  
 (a) Three (b) Four  
 (c) ☒ Five (d) Six
136. Discovery method is advanced method of:  
 (a) Heuristic method (b) Inquiry method  
 (c) ☒ Both a & b (d) None of a & b

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137. The steps to be taken in Problem Solving Method are:  
(a) Two (b) Three  
(c) Four (d) ~~Five~~
138. Method based on Dewey's philosophy is:  
(a) Lecture method (b) Demonstration method  
(c) Inquiry method (d) ~~Project method~~
139. Who says that project is a purposeful activity:  
(a) Dewey (b) Stevenson  
(c) Ballard (d) ~~Kilpatrick~~
140. Which is not the step of project method:  
(a) Planning (b) Execution  
(c) ~~Analysis~~ (d) Evaluation
141. Programmed learning was presented by:  
(a) J. S. Bruner (b) Benjamin Bloom  
(c) John Dewey (d) ~~B. F. Skinner~~
142. Portfolio is the collection of:  
(a) School record (b) Teacher work  
(c) ~~Student work~~ (d) Office work
143. In programmed learning, learning takes place under:  
(a) Natural conditions (b) Artificial conditions  
(c) ~~Controlled conditions~~ (d) None of the above
144. Teaching method based upon the assumption of Herbert Spencer that the learner should be told as little as possible is:  
(a) ~~Heuristics Method~~ (b) Demonstration Method  
(c) Discussion Method (d) Lecture Method

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145. An overall procedure which is adopted by a teacher to achieve certain goals is:
- (a) Method (b) Technique  
(c) Strategy (d) Tactic
146. Selection of different media for different students is done in:
- (a) Role Playing  
(b) Individualized Instruction  
(c) Programmed Instruction  
(d) Computer Assistant Instruction
147. A repeated performance of learning act until attainment of desired level of skill to do the act correctly is:
- (a) Demonstration Method  
(b) Problem Solving Method  
(c) Project Method
148. A process in which a small group of students assemble and communicate with each other, using speaking, listening and non-verbal processes in order to achieve instructional objectives is:
- (a) Lecture Method  
(b) Discussion Method  
(c) Question Answer Method  
(d) Demonstration Method
149. During discussion method, teacher passes/announces:
- (a) Exercise (b) Activity  
(c) Topic (d) Question

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150. The surface category in SOLO Taxonomy consists of:
- (a) Five Stages
  - (b) Four Stages
  - (c) Three Stages
  - (d) ☒ Two Stages
151. The 'Surface' Category in SOLO Taxonomy consists of:
- (a) Prestructural and Unistructural
  - (b) ☒ Unistructural and Multistructural
  - (c) Multistructural and Relational
  - (d) Relational and Extended Abstract
152. The 'deep' category in SOLO Taxonomy consists of:
- (a) Prestructural and Unistructural
  - (b) Unistructural and Multistructural
  - (c) Multistructural and Relational
  - (d) ☒ Relational and Extended Abstract
153. Synthesis requires:
- (a) ☒ Formulation of new structural material
  - (b) ☒ Circumventing the structure of the material
  - (c) Judge the value of material
  - (d) Use the material in new situation
154. "The students will be able to translate a paragraph of English into Urdu" This objective fits in the category of cognitive domain:
- (a) Knowledge
  - (b) ☒ Comprehansive
  - (c) Application
  - (d) Analysis
155. Microteaching is a technique of teaching:
- (a) In classroom
  - (b) Subject in detail
  - (c) ☒ By more than one teacher
  - (d) ☒ A narrow and specific skill

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156. The fixation of correct information through repetition is caused by:
- (a) Lecture Method (b) Demonstration Method  
(c) Activity Method (d) ☒ Drill Method
157. The domain which deals with physical abilities and coordination objectives is called:
- (a) Affective Domain (b) ☒ Psychomotor Domain  
(c) Cognitive Domain (d) Solo Taxonomy
158. Lecture method is generally described as:
- (a) ☒ Teacher Centered (b) Child Centered  
(c) Activity Centered (d) None of the above
159. The name of Heuristic method is derived from Greek word:
- (a) Hervules (b) Hero  
(c) ☒ Heurises (d) None of the above
160. "Teaching is a form of interpersonal influence aimed at changing the behaviour potential of another's."
- (a) ☒ N.L. Gage (b) Ned.A.Flanders  
(c) M.C. Morrison (d) Stones
161. Solo Taxonomy provides systematic way of describing the learner's:
- (a) Ability (b) Understanding  
(c) ☒ Performance (d) Skill
162. Lesson plan makes the work:
- (a) Regular (b) Systematic  
(c) organized (d) ☒ a, b, c

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163. Simulation is an elaborate type of:
- (a) Role play
  - (b) Gaming
  - (c) Socio drama
  - (d) ☒ All
164. Basic feature in lesson planning is:
- (a) Content
  - (b) Method
  - (c) ☒ Objectives
  - (d) Evaluation
165. The method based on the psychological principle of "Trial and Error" is:
- (a) ☒ Heuristic method
  - (b) Problem solving method
  - (c) Project method
  - (d) Activity method
166. A student performs a skill independently at the level of psychomotor domain is:
- (a) Imitation
  - (b) Manipulation
  - (c) Precision
  - (d) ☒ Articulation

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80. The right sequence of sub-groups of psychomotor domain is:
- (a) Perception, Set, Guided response, Mechanism, Complex overt response, Adaptation, Origination
  - (b) Perception, Complex over response, Set, Guided response, Mechanism, Adaptation, Organization
  - (c) Set, Origination, Guided response, Mechanism, Complex overt response, Adaptation, Perception
  - (d) Guided response, Mechanism, Perception, Adaptation, Organization, Complex overt response
81. Objective related to affective domain is:
- (a) Student can paint a picture
  - (b) Student can draw a graph
  - (c) Student values honesty
  - (d) Student can write a letter
82. Bringing together scientific ideas to form a unique is:
- (a) Application
  - (b) Analysis
  - (c) Synthesis
  - (d) Evaluation
83. Which is vast in scope:
- (a) Teaching Tactic
  - (b) Teaching Technique
  - (c) Teaching Strategy
  - (d) Teaching Method
84. Students find/explore the informations themselves:
- (a) Lecture method
  - (b) Discovery method
  - (c) Both
  - (d) None

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25. Secondary storage devices is:
- (a) Floppy disk
  - (b) CD
  - (c) Hard disk
  - (d) ☒ All above
26. Efficiency of computer depends upon:
- (a) Monitor
  - (b) Key board
  - (c) Mouse
  - (d) ☒ Processor
27. Power of computer is measured in:
- (a) ☒ Mega/Gega hertz
  - (b) Mega byte
  - (c) Gega byte
  - (d) None of above
28. CPU means:
- (a) ☒ Central processing unit
  - (b) Central printer unit
  - (c) Calculator process unit
  - (d) Computer processing unit
29. The coloured area on screen is:
- (a) ☒ Desktop
  - (b) Laptop
  - (c) Monitor
  - (d) Bar
30. Every information is stored in computer in the form of:
- (a) Zeros
  - (b) Ones
  - (c) ☒ Zeros & One
  - (d) Ones & Twos
31. Which of the following enables digital data to be transmitted over the phone lines?
- (a) Keyboard
  - (b) Mouse
  - (c) ☒ Modem
  - (d) Mike
32. What hardware category does magnetic tape fall into:
- (a) Input
  - (b) Output
  - (c) ☒ Storage
  - (d) Communication

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33. A Kilo Byte is equal to approximately:  
(a) 1000 bytes (b) ☒ 1024 bytes  
(c) 1 million bytes (d) 10 million bytes
34. Most likely used to design products, structure, or engineering drawings and maps is:  
(a) Communication software  
(b) Electronic mail software  
(c) ☒ Computer aided design software  
(d) Desk top publishing software
35. Which of the following is accessed when you switch your computer?  
(a) RAM chip (b) ☒ ROM chip  
(c) FDD (d) HDD
36. In a confined space the most useful to use is:  
(a) ☒ Mouse (b) Trackball  
(c) Joystick (d) All of the above
37. Machine Language is Binary type program language that computer can:  
(a) Directly run  
(b) Not directly run  
(c) Not run all  
(d) ☒ Can run after translating it into assembly language
38. Microsoft Excel is for:  
(a) Data Base Management  
(b) ☒ Spread Sheet Analysis  
(c) Text Processing  
(d) None of above

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39. Formatting a document means:
- (a) Correcting spelling and Grammar
  - (b) Improving the appearance of the document
  - (c) Copying the document to CD
  - (d) All of the above
40. A computer which links several PCs together is:
- (a) Mainframe
  - (b) Client
  - (c) Mini computer
  - (d) None of above
41. In a computer the raw facts are:
- (a) Programs
  - (b) Commands
  - (c) Data
  - (d) Attributes
42. Which one is used for presentation?
- (a) OHP
  - (b) Slide Projector
  - (c) Computer Monitor
  - (d) All of the above
43. **Visit [Hired.pk](http://Hired.pk) for More Helping Material**
- (a) Multimedia devices
  - (b) Pen input devices
  - (c) Pointing devices
  - (d) All of above
44. The combination of text, sound and video to display the information in the meaningful way is:
- (a) Over head projector
  - (b) Opaque Projector
  - (c) Multimedia
  - (d) Slide Projector
45. Computer software can further be divided into application software and:
- (a) Programming software
  - (b) System software
  - (c) Office software
  - (d) Military software



52. CAI is abbreviation of:
- (a) Computer Associated Instruction
  - (b) Class Assisted Instruction
  - (c) ☒ Computer Assisted Instruction
  - (d) Computer Assisted Information
53. The hardware necessary for LAN is:
- (a) Modem
  - (b) ☒ Network interface card
  - (c) Multiplex
  - (d) Video accelerator card
54. A long haul network is:
- (a) ☒ WAN
  - (b) LAN
  - (c) WWW
  - (d) VLSL
55. Personal computers are also called:
- (a) ☒ Mini computers
  - (b) Main frame computers
  - (c) Microcomputers
  - (d) Super computers
56. Information which we provide to the computer is:
- (a) Process
  - (b) Output
  - (c) Results
  - (d) ☒ Instruction
57. Which is not Internet application?
- (a) E-mail
  - (b) News group
  - (c) Chat messengers
  - (d) ☒ Word processor
58. A computer gives output through:
- (a) Printer
  - (b) Monitor
  - (c) Keyboard
  - (d) ☒ a & b
59. Close, maximize, minimize buttons on a window are on:
- (a) ☒ Title bar
  - (b) Scroll bar
  - (c) Tool bar
  - (d) Menu bar

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60. The use of ROM is:
- (a) ✓ It is used to store data or instructions which the computer needs all the time
  - (b) It is used for overwriting the information
  - (c) It is used to change the information
  - (d) All of the above
61. Component not essential to run a computer is:
- (a) Hard disk
  - (b) RAM
  - (c) ✓ CD drive
  - (d) Micro processor
62. The computer hardware is:
- (a) CPU
  - (b) Keyboard & printer
  - (c) Mouse & Monitor
  - (d) ✓ a, b & c
63. Feature used to send a picture by e-mail is:
- (a) E-mail Forward
  - (b) E-mail browse
  - (c) E-mail Send
  - (d) ✓ E-mail attachment
64. The knowledge of Computer science is related to:
- (a) ✓ Programming
  - (b) Hardware
  - (c) Computer language teaching
  - (d) Design and development of physical parts of computer
65. Microsoft Internet Explorer is:
- (a) Internet Service Provider
  - (b) Internet Browser
  - (c) ✓ LAN Server
  - (d) A type of network

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66. Consecutive pressing and releasing of mouse is called:
- (a) Click
  - (b) ☒ Double click
  - (c) Mouse pointer
  - (d) Cursor
67. It is not the function of Power Point to:
- (a) Make slides
  - (b) Design presentation
  - (c) ☒ Explore the information on network
  - (d) Create banners to be placed on a web site page
68. Central processing unit:
- (a) Displays the results
  - (b) ☒ Carries out user's request
  - (c) Stores the instructions to computer system
  - (d) Gets user's request into system
69. The process of dividing the memory space of hard disk into different parts and assigning different names to the parts is:
- (a) Grouping
  - (b) Fragmentation
  - (c) Defrag
  - (d) ☒ Partitioning
70. The flickering point on the screen indicating the place of an action/command is:
- (a) Mouse pointer
  - (b) ☒ Cursor
  - (c) Work area
  - (d) Highlighter
71. What device creates an electronic version of a hard copy?
- (a) Image Printer
  - (b) ☒ Image Scanner
  - (c) Vision entry device
  - (d) Video RAM

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78. The basic memory unit of computer is:  
(a) Byte (b) Kilobyte  
(c) Megabyte ☒ (d) Bit
79. A binary number 1100011 has the decimal value equal to:  
(a) 4 (b) 16  
☒ (c) 99 (d) 128
80. Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI) programs are oriented to the activities of:  
(a) Student ☒ (b) Teacher  
(c) Content (d) Syllabus
81. Internet is a:  
(a) Local area network  
☒ (b) Large area network  
(c) Network within country  
(d) Number of smaller network
82. Super computer is used for:  
(a) Networking ☒ (b) Scientific laboratories  
(c) Banking (d) Personal use
83. Computer programs that control and coordinate the physical parts of the computer are:  
☒ (a) System software  
(b) Disk operating system software  
(c) Windows software (d) Application software
84. Random access memory is also known as:  
(a) Non volatile (b) Volatile  
(c) Permanent ☒ (d) Secondary

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85. The father of the modern digital computer is:

- (a) Dr. Johar Atanasoff
- (b) Clifford Berry
- (c) Howard A. Aiken
- (d) Charles Babbage

86. Rom chip has software embedded in:

- (a) Motherboard
- (b) Processor
- (c) Bus
- (d) Control

87. Basic operations performed by all the computer system are:

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 6
- (d) 7

88. Information Technology is a term which means:

- (a) Computer
- (b) Internet
- (c) Telecommunication
- (d) Telecommunication & Computer

89. When a computer performs arithmetic operations or logical operations, it is:

- (a) Controlling
- (b) Processing
- (c) Outputting
- (d) Storing

90. The complete name of processor is:

- (a) Arithmetic logic unit
- (b) Central processing unit
- (c) I.Q unit
- (d) Control unit

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94

The use of floppy disks is:

98.

- (a) These are used as hard disks
- (b) These are used to store data that cannot be erased
- (c) These are used for storing and transferring data
- (d) Store data which is not changed

99.

Copying data from internet to computer is called:

- (a) Uploading
- (b) Down-loading
- (c) Transferring
- (d) Pasting

100.

PC stands for what?

- (a) Popular Computer
- (b) Personal Computer
- (c) Program Counter
- (d) Processor Computer

101.

The three stages/steps in order in the use of instructional technology are:

- (a) Planning, presentations, evaluation

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- (c) Presentation, evaluation, assesment

- (d) Planning, assesment and evaluation

102.

The process of transferring data electronically from one place to another is:

- (a) Data communication
- (b) Data processing
- (c) Data sender
- (d) Data sequencing

103.

CAL stands for what?

- (a) Call and Learn
- (b) Computer assisted Learning
- (c) Computer and Learning
- (d) Computer at Learning



104. A digital scanner is used to:
- (a) Detect software problems
  - (b) Store files
  - (c) Provide the computer with information on software
  - (d) ☒ Copy an image from paper to your computer
105. Opaque projector is called:
- (a) ☒ Epi-Dia scope
  - (b) Sound Projector
  - (c) Micro projector
  - (d) Slid projector
106. Which provides a path for transferring information between two or more devices:
- (a) Register
  - (b) ☒ Bus
  - (c) Memory
  - (d) All of the above
107. One of the tasks is not performed by an operating system:
- (a) Program loading
  - (b) Operator Communication
  - (c) Software development
  - (d) ☒ Job accounting
108. Using computers in classroom require organization of computer as:
- (a) One computer for the whole class
  - (b) ☒ One computer for small group
  - (c) ☒ One computer for each student
  - (d) All of the above

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109. Teachers are expected to use computer;
- (a) For software development
  - (b) Product functionality
  - (c) Games and entertainment
  - ☒ (d) To create their own teaching material
110. The internet and World Wide Web allow the students to interact with resource in learning:
- ☒ (a) Dialogue atmosphere
  - (b) Can replace existing services
  - (c) Can improve retention rate
  - (d) All of the above
111. Computer managed Learning is:
- ☒ (a) Self contained instructional range as experience for students
  - (b) Self contained instructional range as experience for students
  - (c) Categorizing information
  - (d) None of the above
112. For what the abbreviation 'LANs' stands for?
- (a) Large Areas Networks
  - (b) Layout Area Networks
  - ☒ (c) Local Area Networks
  - (d) Launching Area Networks
113. What does e-mail stands for:
- (a) Electricity mail
  - ☒ (b) Electronic mail
  - (c) Early mail
  - (d) Elective mail

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114. Collection of characters, numbers and symbols is:  
(a) ☒ Data (b) Keyboard  
(c) Monitor (d) Ram
115. Computer give results after:  
(a) ☒ Processing (b) Programming  
(c) Printing (d) Priming
116. The word E-mail stands for:  
(a) Erroneous mail (b) Exceptional mail  
(c) ☒ Electronic mail (d) Extraordinary mail
117. Personal computer consists of:  
(a) Hardware  
(b) Data, programme, storage access  
(c) Software (d) ☒ All of the above
118. A person who writes instructions for a computer is:  
(a) Computer expert (b) Computer instructor  
(c) ☒ Computer programmer  
(d) Computer engineer
119. Conversation of raw data into useful information is:  
(a) Data verification (b) Data organization  
(c) ☒ Data base (d) Data processing
120. The first generation of computer is:  
(a) Analytical Engine (b) Abacus  
(c) IBM mark - 1 (d) ☒ UNIVAC - 1
121. One byte is group of:  
(a) 2 Bit (b) 4 Bit  
(c) 6 Bit (d) ☒ 8 Bit

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## TEACHING AS A PROFESSION

### SECTION - I (MCQs)

1. A code of ethics is a:  
(a) ✓ Set of standards of professional conduct  
(b) Statement of principles imposed by govt.  
(c) A guide post left to individual discretion  
(d) All of the above
2. The word 'Moral' has been derived from the language:  
(a) Greek  
(b) English  
(c) ✓ Latin  
(d) French
3. Values give rise to:  
(a) Decisions  
(b) ✓ Ideals  
(c) Education  
(d) Feelings
4. The code of ethics of the teacher permits him to:  
(a) Tutor for pay a pupil in his class  
(b) ✓ Participate in the politics outside the classroom  
(c) Discuss confidential matters as he sees fit  
(d) Accepts fees for recommending school texts
5. "I have been sent only for the purpose of perfecting good morals" is the saying of:  
(a) Hazrat Musa (AS)  
(b) ✓ Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)  
(c) Hazrat Ibrahim (AS)  
(d) Hazrat Isa (AS)

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6. The code of ethics for teachers should include the values of:  
(a) Justice (b) Honesty  
(c) Truthfulness (d) ☒ All of them
7. Teaching would come in which of following classification of work:  
(a) Managerial (b) Service  
(c) ☒ Profession (d) Skilled
8. Among the stake holders of the teaching profession the client is:  
(a) Teacher (b) Parent  
(c) ☒ Student (d) Society
9. The best evidence of professional status of teaching is the:  
(a) Publication of books  
(b) Fixing of Salary schedules  
(c) ☒ Enforcement of high standards  
(d) Establishment of retirement systems
10. Real mentorship is created by having relationship:  
(a) Ethical (b) ☒ Professional  
(c) Social (d) Cultural
11. Teaching is a profession due to teachers:  
(a) Love of children (b) Love for knowledge  
(c) Mastery over pedagogical aspects  
(d) ☒ Observance of professional ethics
12. The emotional development of students has a great relation with:  
(a) Mental development (b) ☒ Physical  
(c) Cognitive (d) Behavioral

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13. Education in Islam is:  
(a) Value Free (b) ~~Value Full~~  
(c) Partial Development (d) Neutral
14. The most critical factor needed to make teaching a profession is:  
(a) ~~An improved salary scale~~  
(b) A longer period of training  
(c) Better spirit among teachers  
(d) ~~Discipline of its own members~~
15. Teaching of tolerance is threshold of:  
(a) Society (b) ~~Peace~~  
(c) Values (d) Betterment
16. Secondary school teaching is more prestigious than elementary school teaching because of:  
(a) ~~Higher level of training~~  
(b) Higher level of training  
(c) Higher pay scales  
(d) ~~All of the above~~
17. Plato said "A sound mind can nourish in sound":  
(a) ~~Body~~ (b) Head  
(c) Man (d) Scholar
18. As compared with the other professions, the ~~great~~ lack in teaching is:  
(a) Training programmes  
(b) ~~Adequate salary scales~~  
(c) Proper social outlook  
(d) Professional organization

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16. Physical health is necessary to build a balanced:  
(a) Personality (b) Structure  
(c) Height (d) Image
17. Which of the following professions claims the largest membership?  
(a) Teaching (b) Medicine  
(c) Law (d) Engineering
18. The teaching professional should also be expert in:  
(a) Administration (b) Teaching  
(c) Paying (d) Social contact
19. A teacher's first duty is to his:  
(a) Community (b) Principal  
(c) Subject area (d) Students
20. As teacher we should think of our work in terms of:  
(a) The mastery of subject matter  
(b) Hearing lessons recited  
(c) Child growth and development  
(d) Disciplining students
21. The function of a teacher is primarily that of a:  
(a) Attending to the personal and spiritual needs of students  
(b) Guiding the children progress  
(c) Organizing experiences for the class  
(d) Transmission of heritage
22. The best position of a teacher in class is as:  
(a) Chairman of the group (b) Director of the group  
(c) Member of the group (d) Umpire of the group

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26. In teaching if nothing has been learnt, nothing has been  
(a) Studied (b) Examined  
(c) Observed (d) ☒ Taught
27. The basic function of a democratic teacher is:  
(a) Teaching contents  
(b) Outlining rules  
(c) ☒ Guiding students  
(d) Developing student leaders
28. The rules for the classroom should be established by the  
(a) Principal (b) Principal and teacher  
(c) Students (d) ☒ Students and teacher
29. The most important function of a teacher is:  
(a) ☒ Guide pupil growth  
(b) Maintain discipline  
(c) ☒ Develop individuality  
(d) Provide remedial help
30. The least required duty of a teacher is:  
(a) ☒ Visiting homes of pupils  
(b) Disciplining pupils  
(c) Keeping records of pupils  
(d) Planning courses
31. The students respect the teacher due to his:  
(a) Legal authority  
(b) Power of grading (marks)  
(c) ☒ Good will and personal integrity  
(d) Parent's substitute

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32. One should select a career in terms of:  
(a) ☒ Values (b) Salary  
(c) Social prestige (d) None of the above
33. The reason most often given by men for selecting teaching profession is:  
(a) Economic security  
(b) ☒ Desire to serve society  
(c) The influence of parents  
(d) Prestige of the profession
34. As a group, teachers tend to be relatively:  
(a) Liberal (b) ☒ Conservative  
(c) Unstable (d) Pessimistic
35. The most important single factor in teaching success is:  
(a) ☒ Proper preparation of the teacher  
(c) Size of classes (d) Teachers knowledge
36. Vital to teaching success is:  
(a) ☒ Pleasant voice and correct speech  
(b) Proper social background  
(c) Throughout A grade  
(d) Supplementary income
37. The most serious defect in teacher is:  
(a) Poor physical health (b) Poor knowledge  
(c) Poor academic record (d) ☒ Poor mental health
38. The relationship of teacher with students should be:  
(a) Strict and reserved  
(b) ☒ Friendly and dignified  
(c) Free and easy (d) Unapproachable and critical

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39. Teachers are trained in:
- (a) General education
  - (b) Subject matter
  - (c) Professional education
  - ☒ (d) All of the above
40. The biggest weakness in teacher training programme is:
- (a) Lack of enough professional courses
  - (b) Lack in disciplining pupils
  - (c) Lack of emphasis on subject
  - ☒ (d) Lack of enough experiences with pupils
41. The greatest satisfaction of a good teacher with pupils is:
- (a) Social prestige
  - (b) Financial remuneration
  - ☒ (c) Progress of pupils
  - (d) Appreciation of the public
42. The most favourable factor in teaching is the:
- (a) High salaries
  - (b) Easy work
  - (c) Lengthy vacations
  - ☒ (d) Social work and recognition
43. In service teacher education refers to:
- (a) Practice teaching
  - ☒ (b) On the job training
  - (c) Private teaching
  - (d) None of the above

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44. The most important element in the instructions is the:
- (a) Variety of instruction material used
  - (b) Teaching techniques used
  - (c) Subject matter covered
  - (d) ☒ Relationship between teacher and student
45. Television is a device, which is:
- (a) Audio
  - (b) Visual
  - (c) ☒ Audio-visual
  - (d) Graphic
46. Good teaching requires:
- (a) Clarity of expression
  - (b) Good communication skills
  - (c) Command of the subject
  - (d) ☒ All of the above
47. Education can be defined best as:
- (a) ☒ Acquiring knowledge
  - (b) Acquiring knowledge
  - (c) Learning
  - (d) ☒ Growth resulting from experience
48. According to 'John Dewey', education is:
- (a) ☒ Learning to do by doing
  - (b) Preparation for life
  - (c) ☒ Getting to do things
  - (d) Getting knowledge
49. The basic source of educational objectives is:
- (a) Professional organization
  - (b) ☒ Human experiences
  - (c) Educational psychology
  - (d) State legislatures

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50. The primary responsibility for determining the aims of education should be of:
- (a) Teacher
  - (b) Administrator
  - (c) ☒ Society
  - (d) Parents
51. The objectives of any school subject must be:
- (a) Teacher derived
  - (b) General in nature
  - (c) Determined by subject matter
  - (d) ☒ The basis for content and class activities
52. The goal of education should be:
- (a) Getting a certificate
  - (b) Mastery of subject matter
  - (c) Training to make a living
  - (d) ☒ Training to develop the individual
53. The emphasis in the classroom should be:
- (a) Needs of the whole class
  - (b) ☒ The needs of individual child
  - (c) The subject matter
  - (d) The teaching method
54. Conflict resolution means:
- (a) Creating a dispute
  - (b) ☒ Resolving a dispute
  - (c) Creating healthy atmosphere
  - (d) Creating unhealthy atmosphere
55. Method of conflict resolution is:
- (a) Conciliation
  - (b) Mediation
  - (c) Litigation
  - (d) ☒ All of the above

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26. Taking a book of another child without permission creates:
- (a) ☒ Conflict (b) Problem
- (c) Cooperation (d) None of the above
27. Teacher plays a role in:
- (a) Moral development
- (b) Emotional development
- (c) Mental development
- (d) ☒ All of the above
28. Which is not the domestic issue:
- (a) Mutual clashes of parents
- (b) Domestic violence
- (c) Child abuse

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29. What is teaching:
- (a) A process of changing behaviour of students
- (b) A process of changing views
- (c) A process of changing behavior of students in desired directions
- (d) ☒ It is a process of transmission of knowledge
30. What is the first step in a teaching model:
- (a) ☒ Determination of instructional objectives
- (b) Determination of entering behaviour
- (c) Instructional procedure
- (d) Evaluation

61. Hindrance in achieving professional status of teacher is:
- (a) Code of ethics
  - (b) Improvement in admission technique
  - (c) Extension in duration of education
  - ☒ (d) Low salaries
62. The point in favour of professional status of teacher is:
- (a) Low salaries
  - (b) Low interest
  - (c) Low regard
  - ☒ (d) Inservice education
63. Which one is not the characteristic of teaching profession:
- (a) Intellectual activity
  - ☒ (b) Political activity
  - (c) Professional organization
  - (d) Human service
64. Which one is not the right of a teacher:
- ☒ (a) Private tuition
  - (b) Political participation
  - (c) Inservice education
  - (d) Protection
65. Which one is odd:
- (a) P.T.C
  - (b) C.T
  - (c) B.Ed
  - ☒ (d) B.Tech
66. In universities, the lecturers are recruited on:
- B.P.S.:
- (a) 16
  - ☒ (b) 17
  - (c) 18
  - (d) 19
67. In Pakistan the basic salary for Elementary School Educator appointed in B.P.S.-9 is Rs.
- ☒ (a) 3820
  - (b) 4000
  - (c) 4500
  - (d) 5820

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81. The main purpose of Directorate of Staff Development is:  
(a) Curriculum development  
(b) ✓ Teacher training  
(c) Assessment (d) Research
82. Elementary School Educators are appointed in BPS:  
(a) 5 (b) 7  
(c) ✓ 9 (d) 11
83. Senior Elementary School Educators are appointed to teach classes:  
(a) i-iv (b) i-v  
(c) ✓ vi-viii (d) ix-x
84. Secondary School Educators are appointed in BPS:  
(a) 9 (b) 14  
(c) ✓ 16 (d) 17
85. The use of salary schedules came about as a result of:  
(a) ✓ Individual bargaining (b) Code of ethics  
(c) Unionism (d) Teacher Organization
86. In America, the salary of average teacher has risen recently to more than:  
(a) 30000 dollars (b) 35000 dollars  
(c) 40000 dollars (d) ✓ 45000 dollars
87. A teachers foremost duty is to:  
(a) Develop relationship with heads  
(b) ✓ Train his students properly  
(c) Build relationship with community  
(d) Look after school problems

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88. Teacher Training Programmes are conducted by:
- (a) Allama Iqbal Open University
  - (b) University of Education
  - (c) Govt. Colleges for Elementary Teachers
  - (d) ☒ All above
89. A good teacher should have a command over:
- (a) Subject matter
  - (b) Communication skills
  - (c) Pedagogy
  - (d) ☒ All above
90. Profession means:
- (a) Job
  - (b) Duty
  - (c) ☒ Service
  - (d) Work
91. In planning for teaching profession, the most important factor is:
- (a) ☒ Interest
  - (b) Ability
  - (c) Recognition
  - (d) Influence of family
92. Theory provides direction to:
- (a) Concept
  - (b) Perception
  - (c) ☒ Practice
  - (d) Process
93. Effective teaching requires continuous:
- (a) Help
  - (b) ☒ Planning
  - (c) Motivation
  - (d) Suggestion

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7. Life of an individual starts from:  
(a) Nucleus (b) ☒ Zygote  
(c) Cell (d) Membrane
8. How many factors effect growth:  
(a) ☒ 2 (b) 3  
(c) 4 (d) 5
9. Classical conditioning was presented by:  
(a) ☒ I van, P. Pavlov (b) B.F. Skinner  
(c) J.B. Waston (d) Dewey
10. The variable whose effect is sought is called:  
(a) Relevant variable  
(b) Dependent variable  
(c) ☒ Independent variable  
(d) None of above
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The variable whose effect is sought is called:  
(a) Relevant variable (b) ☒ Dependent variable  
(c) Independent variable (d) None of above
12. Variables other than, independent variable which can effect dependent variable are called:  
(a) ☒ Relevant variable (b) Dependent variable  
(c) Independent variable (d) None of above
13. Method in which keen study of any event or behaviour is made is:  
(a) ☒ Observation Method  
(b) Experimental Method  
(c) Development Method  
(d) Psycho-physical Method



14. Study of behaviour under controlled conditions is:
- (a) Observation Method
  - (b) ☒ Experimental Method
  - (c) Development Method
  - (d) Psycho-physical Method
15. Growth of children is studied in:
- (a) Observational Method
  - (b) Experimental Method
  - (c) ☒ Development Method
  - (d) Psycho-physical Method
16. Sensory disabilities are studied in:
- (a) Observation Method
  - (b) Experimental Method
  - (c) Development Method
  - (d) ☒ Psycho-physical Method
17. Period starting from Zygote to 250-300 days is:
- (a) ☒ Pre-natal period
  - (b) Neonate period
  - (c) Adolescence
  - (d) Adulthood
18. Period starting from birth to two weeks is:
- (a) Pre-natal period
  - (b) ☒ Neonate period
  - (c) Adolescence
  - (d) Adulthood
19. Period starting from 13 years to 19 years is:
- (a) Pre-natal period
  - (b) Neonate period
  - (c) ☒ Adolescence
  - (d) Adulthood
20. Which is not the hereditary factor:
- (a) ☒ Colour
  - (b) Height
  - (c) ☒ Diet
  - (d) Eye colour

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21. Which one is not the environmental factor:
  - (a) Diet
  - (b) Water
  - (c) ☒ Height
  - (d) Light
22. Cognitive development deals with:
  - (a) Body
  - (b) ☒ Mind
  - (c) Society
  - (d) Emotion
23. How many stages of cognitive development are described by Jean Piaget:
  - (a) 3
  - (b) ☒ 4
  - (c) 5
  - (d) 6
24. Period starting from birth to two years in cognitive development is:
  - (a) ☒ Sensori motor stage
  - (b) Pre operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
25. Period starting from 2-7 years in cognitive development is:
  - (a) Sensori motor stage
  - (b) ☒ Pre operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
26. Period starting from 7-12 years in cognitive development is:
  - (a) Sensori motor stage
  - (b) Pre operational stage
  - (c) ☒ Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage

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27. Period from 12 years and onward in cognitive development is:
- (a) Sensori motor stage
  - (b) Pre operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) ☒ Formal operational stage
28. Child forgets the things out of sight in:
- (a) ☒ Sensori motor stage
  - (b) Pre operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
29. Child describes himself unsystematically in:
- (a) Sensori motor stage
  - (b) ☒ Pre operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
30. Child thinks logically in:
- (a) Sensori motor stage
  - (b) Pre operational stage
  - (c) ☒ Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
31. Whose role is important in moral development:
- (a) Parents
  - (b) Teachers
  - (c) Peers
  - (d) ☒ All above
32. Emotional development is effected by:
- (a) Fear
  - (b) Quarreling parents
  - (c) Restrictions
  - (d) ☒ All above

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33. Permanent change in behaviour as a result of experience is:
- (a) ☒ Learning (b) Education
- (c) Experiment (d) Innovation
34. According to behaviourism, which one is important for change in behaviour:
- (a) Inheritance (b) ☒ Environment
- (c) Attitude (d) None of above
35. Stimulus is necessary for response in:
- (a) ☒ Classical conditioning
- (b) Operant conditioning
- (c) Both a & b
- (d) None of a & b
36. Operant conditioning was presented by:
- (a) Pavlov (b) ☒ Skinner
- (c) Waston (d) Thorndike
37. Change in behaviour is due to reinforcement in:
- (a) Classical conditioning
- (b) ☒ Operant conditioning
- (c) Both a & b
- (d) None of a & b
38. Which one is not positive reinforcement:
- (a) Advance increment
- (b) Best Teacher Award
- (c) ☒ Punishment
- (d) Encouragement

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39. Concept of Meaningful learning through perception was presented by:  
(a) David Ausubel (b) J. S. Bruner  
(c) Pavlov (d) Skinner
40. Concept of meaningful learning through structure of content and discovery was presented by:  
(a) David Ausubel (b) J. S. Bruner  
(c) Pavlov (d) Skinner
41. The founder of Humanistic Approach is:  
(a) David Ausubel (b) J. S. Bruner  
(c) Skinner (d) Maslow
42. According to humanistic approach, nature of man is:  
(a) Good  
(b) Creative  
(c) Capable of healthy growth  
(d) All above
43. The founder of client centred therapy was:  
(a) David Ausubel (b) Carl Roger  
(c) Gordon (d) J. S. Bruner
44. According to Roger, in problem solving the most important is:  
(a) Counsellor (b) Client  
(c) Both a & b (d) None of a & b
45. Who did discriminate the personality characteristics / traits:  
(a) Maslow (b) Roger  
(c) Gordon (d) Skinner

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46. The I.Q of average child is:  
(a) Below 90 (b) 90 - 110  
(c) 110 - 120 (d) 120 - 140
47. The I.Q of mentally retarded child is:  
(a) Below 90 (b) 90 - 110  
(c) 110 - 120 (d) 120 - 140
48. Which type of growth of child is important:  
(a) Physical (b) Mental  
(c) Moral (d) a, b and c
49. The meaning of the word psychology is:  
(a) Study of mind (b) Study of behaviour  
(c) Study of soul (d) Study of conscious
50. The word psychology is derived from:  
(a) Greek Word (b) Latin Word  
(c) English Word (d) Italian Word
51. Who says "Man is a conscious animal".  
(a) Sigmund Freud  
(b) J. B. Watson  
(c) William Wundt and William James  
(d) Freud
52. Growth means an increase in:  
(a) Size (b) Height  
(c) Weight (d) All of the above
53. Development means change in:  
(a) Form (b) Structure  
(c) Shape (d) All of the above

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54. Cognitive development means:
- (a) Social development
  - (b) ☒ Mental development
  - (c) Moral development
  - (d) Emotional development
55. "Out of sight, out of mind" is the characteristics of:
- (a) ☒ Sensory motor stage
  - (b) Pre-operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
56. In cognitive domain infancy is the stage of:
- (a) ☒ Sensory motor stage
  - (b) Pre-operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
57. In the cognitive domain, early childhood is:
- (a) Sensory motor stage
  - (b) ☒ Pre-operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage
58. In cognitive development, late childhood is:
- (a) Sensory motor stage
  - (b) Pre-operational stage
  - (c) ☒ Concrete operational stage
  - (d) Formal operational stage

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59. In cognitive development, adolescence is beginning of:
- (a) Sensory motor stage
  - (b) Pre-operational stage
  - (c) Concrete operational stage
  - (d) ☒ Formal operational stage
60. The characteristic of sensory motor stage is:
- (a) Evidence of thinking ability
  - (b) Curiosity to know environment
  - (c) Ability of differentiate things
  - (d) ☒ All of the above
61. The characteristics of pre-operational stage is:
- (a) Egocentrism
  - (b) Animism
  - (c) ☒ Both a and b
  - (d) None of a and b
62. **Visit [Hired.pk](#) for More Helping Material**
- (a) Inner Quotient
  - (b) ☒ Intelligence Quotient
  - (c) Intelligence Quartile
  - (d) Inner Quartile
63. Stern formula to determine I.Q is:
- (a)  $M.A \times C.A \times 100$
  - (b)  $M.A + C.A \times 100$
  - (c) ☒  $M.A / C.A \times 100$
  - (d)  $C.A / M.A \times 100$
64. The formula to determine I.Q is given by:
- (a) J. B. Watson
  - (b) Sigmund Freud
  - (c) Pavlov
  - (d) ☒ Stern
65. Guidance in education started in:
- (a) 1900
  - (b) ☒ 1905
  - (c) 1910
  - (d) 1920

## SECTION - I (MCQs)

1. Physical parts of computer are:  
(a) Software (b) Programme  
(c) ☒ Hardware (d) Device
2. Computer gives results after:  
(a) ☒ Processing (b) Programming  
(c) Printing (d) Downloading
3. Among data storage devices the least reliable is:  
(a) ROM (b) RAM  
(c) Hard Disk (d) ☒ Floppy Disk
4. The name of first Arithmetic Machine is:  
(a) ☒ Napier Bones (b) Difference Engine  
(c) ☒ Abacus (d) Calculator
5. The father of the modern computer is:  
(a) John Napier (b) ☒ Charles Babbage  
(c) Herman Hollerith (d) Blaise Pascal
6. Abacus is also called as:  
(a) Difference Engine (b) ☒ Counting frame  
(c) Calculator (d) Computer
7. Micro computer is also called as:  
(a) Personal Computer (b) Laptop Computer  
(c) Note book Computer (d) ☒ All above

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⑧

\* Put some excitement into your speech, vary your pitch, volume and rate.

\* Return assignments and tests to students as soon as reasonably possible.

\* Use your body language to show that you are interested and listening to them.

\* Use questioning techniques to involve and to motivate the students.

\* Use direct previous knowledge and a variety of teaching methods like direct method, total physical response, experiential learning and other such methods.

\* Vary your instructional strategies use lectures, demonstrations, discussion, case studies, group work and more.

\* \* \* \*

85. Anjman Himayat-e-Islam was established in  
 (a) ☒ Lahore (b) Lukhnow  
 (c) Dehli (d) Calcuta
86. Anjman Himayat-e-Islam was established on  
 (a) 1857 (b) 1875  
 (c) ☒ 1887 (d) 1895
7. The founder of Anjman Hamayat-e-Islam was  
 (a) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan  
 (b) ☒ Caliph Hamid-ud-Din  
 (c) Sir Allama Muhammad Iqbal  
 (d) Molana Shibli Nomani
- Nadva-Tul-Ulema was established on  
 (a) 1884 (b) ☒ 1894  
 (c) 1998 (d) 1900
9. Nadva-Tul-Ulema was established at  
 (a) ☒ Dehli (b) Aligarh  
 (c) ☒ Dibrugarh (d) Dibrugarh
90. Nadua-Tul-Ulema was established on the initiative of  
 (a) ☒ Molana Shibli Nomani  
 (b) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan  
 (c) Molana M. Ali Mangheri  
 (d) Molana M. Ali Johar
91. The first adminstrator of Nadva-Tul-Ulema was  
 (a) Molana Shibli Nomani  
 (b) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan  
 (c) ☒ Molana M. Ali Mangheri  
 (d) Molana M. Ali Johar

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120. The poet enjoys the scene of  
 (a) Water fall (b) ☒ Snow fall  
 (c) River (d) Sunset
121. The poet remembers that he has to keep his promise to  
 (a) Enjoy the scene (b) ☒ Reach the destination  
 (c) Enjoy the snow fall (d) Help his friend

## LUCY GRAY

122. The poem Lucy Gray is written by  
 (a) ☒ Words Worth (b) John Keats  
 (c) W.B. Yeats (d) Rubert Frost
123. The word solitary means  
 (a) Solid (b) Group  
 (c) ☒ Alone (d) ☒ Master
124. The word snap mean  
 (a) Rest (b) ☒ Cut  
 (c) Beating (d) Excited
125. The word disperse means  
 (a) Disappear (b) Discrete  
 (c) ☒ Scatter (d) Assemble
126. The poet happened to see the lovely child at the time of  
 (a) ☒ Sunrise (b) Sunset  
 (c) Evening (d) Afternoon
127. She went to town to bring back her  
 (a) Sister (b) Brother  
 (c) ☒ Mother (d) Father

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# COGNITION AND DEVELOPMENT

## SECTION - I (MCQs)

1. The ability to solve problems or to adjust in the new environment is the definition of:  
(a) Personality (b) Behaviour  
(c) ☒ Intelligence (d) All of these
2. The founder of Behaviourism is:  
(a) Maslow (b) Plato  
(c) Aristotle (d) ☒ J. B. Watson
3. Concrete Operations occurs at the age of:  
(a) 3-5 years (b) 4-6 years  
(c) ☒ 7-12 years (d) 6-12 years
4. The number of steps in the scientific method:  
(a) 5 (b) 4  
(c) 3 (d) ☒ 2
5. Child Development study is useful for:  
(a) ☒ Teachers (b) Parents  
(c) Administrators (d) Examiners
6. Independent variable is applied to:  
(a) ☒ Experimental Group  
(b) Control Group  
(c) Both a & b  
(d) None of a & b

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## Role of Teachers-

①

\* Avoid creating intense competition or conflict among students.

\* Be free with praise and constructive criticism.

\* Be honest and consistent in your treatment of students.

\* Encourage students to share their ideas and comments, even if they are incorrect.

\* Help students set achievable goals for themselves.

\* Involve yourself in your teaching. Ask for feedback.

\* Move around the room, as you teach. Be expressive and keep smiling.

\* Pay attention to the strengths and limitations of each of your students.

\* Plan for every class separately.

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46. Peripheral devices that are used to get information or result from a computer are called:
- (a) Input device (b) ☒ Output device  
(c) Keyboard (d) Floppy disk
47. What makes up an entire computer system:
- (a) Hardware  
(b) Software  
(c) ☒ Hardware & Software  
(d) Monitor & Mouse
48. Technology:
- (a) Causes learning  
(b) Guarantees effective learning  
(c) Increase I.Q.  
(d) ☒ Facilitates development of skills
49. A www site name is also called:
- (a) ☒ HTTP (b) ☒ URL  
(c) SMTP (d) HTML
50. The computer that operates on data, which is in the form of continuous variable physical quantities is:
- (a) ☒ Analogue (b) Assembler  
(c) Buffer (d) Compiler
51. The most suitable software used to make lecture slides is:
- (a) MS Word  
(b) ☒ MS Power Point  
(c) MS Excel  
(d) MS Access

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# GENERAL METHODS OF TEACHING

## SECTION - I (MCQs)

1. In teaching experienced members guide the immature one's for
  - (a) Spending time
  - (b) Qualification
  - (c) Quality of life
  - (d) ☒ Adjustment of life
2. Which is not the focal point of triangular process of teaching
  - (a) ☒ Teaching method
  - (b) Teacher
  - (c) Pupil
  - (d) Contents
3. The goal of teaching is
  - (a) To give information
  - (b) to involve pupils in activities
  - (c) ☒ To impart knowledge
  - (d) ☒ Desirable change in behaviour
4. The rules of presenting the contents to make them easy are called
  - (a) Methods of teaching
  - (b) ☒ Maxims of teaching
  - (c) Techniques of teaching
  - (d) Teaching strategies
5. SOLO stands for
  - (a) System of the observed learning outcome
  - (b) Structure of the observed learning output
  - (c) ☒ Structure of the observed learning outcome
  - (d) System of the observed learning output

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91. Data processing is:
- (a) Collection of facts-unorganized but able to organized into useful information
  - (b) Information
  - (c) ✓ A series of actions that convert inputs into output
  - (d) Collection of raw data to make decisions
92. Storage capacity of Floppy disk is:
- (a) ✓ 1.44 Mb
  - (b) 1.54 Mb
  - (c) 1.64 Mb
  - (d) 650 Mb
93. Data which we provide to the computer is:
- (a) Letters and digits
  - (b) Words
  - (c) Sentences
  - (d) ✓ a, b & c
94. The CPU is an example of:
- (a) Software
  - (b) ✓ Hardware
  - (c) Both a & b
  - (d) Soft copy
95. Printers and monitors are common forms of:
- (a) Input units
  - (b) ✓ Output units
  - (c) Storage unit
  - (d) Processing unit
96. An input device is:
- (a) Speaker
  - (b) Monitor
  - (c) ✓ Keyboard
  - (d) Printer
97. A collection of raw facts and figures is called:
- (a) ✓ Data
  - (b) Processing
  - (c) Information
  - (d) Input

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# GENERAL METHODS OF TEACHING

## SECTION - I (MCQs)

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72. A bar on the screen that contains the name of applications program and close button on it is called:  
 (a) Tool bar (b) Title bar  
 (c) Scroll bar (d) Menu bar
73. Keyboard shortcut Ctrl + V is for:  
 (a) Selecting from the clipboard  
 (b) Copying to the clipboard  
 (c) Cutting to the clipboard  
 (d) Pasting from the clipboard
74. The computer devices that transforms the input data to the binary language are:  
 (a) Processors (b) Translator devices  
 (c) Output devices (d) Interfaces
75. On the formatting Toolbar a feature "Preview" is written. Its property is:  
 (a) Effect of the Font is displayed before applying  
 (b) Specifies the overall look of the character set  
 (c) Text appears to be raised off the page  
 (d) Text appears to be pressed into the page
76. The computer unit that manages and coordinates the operations of all the components is:  
 (a) Central processing unit  
 (b) Control unit  
 (c) Computer system (d) Arithmetic logic unit
77. Which of the following shortcut is not according command?  
 (a) Ctrl + N is to open a new window  
 (b) Shift + F10 is to display a shortcut menu  
 (c) F5 is to refresh the page that is displayed  
 (d) Alt + F4 is to seek help

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# COMMUNICATION SKILLS

## SECTION - I (MCQs)

1. Communication is derived from Latin word
  - (a) Community
  - (b) Command
  - ☒ (c) Communis
  - (d) Committee
2. Communis means
  - (a) Community
  - ☒ (b) Common
  - (c) Command
  - (d) Committee
3. Communication involves
  - (a) Telling
  - (b) Listening
  - (c) Understanding
  - ☒ (d) All of the above
4. Exchange of ideas between two or more persons is
  - ☒ (a) Communication
  - (b) Telling
  - (c) Understanding
  - (d) Listening
5. If there is no receiver, there is no
  - ☒ (a) Communication
  - (b) Sender
  - (c) Message
  - (d) Media
6. Effective communication is that in which
  - (a) Sender sends a complete message
  - ☒ (b) Receiver understands the message of sender
  - (c) Communication is oral
  - (d) communication is in writing

## TEACHING PROFESSION

68. University of Education does not offer the program of:
- (a) BBA (Hons)
  - (b) B.Ed
  - (c) ☒ LLB
  - (d) BSc. Education
69. Which one is not teacher training institution?
- (a) Directorate of staff development
  - (b) Provincial Institute of Teacher Education
  - (c) University of Education
  - (d) ☒ Agriculture University
70. A group of learned people, the members of which agree to abide by specified rules of conduct while working:
- (a) Wages
  - (b) Vocation
  - (c) ☒ Profession
  - (d) Occupation
71. Directorate of Staff Development (DSD) is responsible for:
- (a) Conducting examinations
  - (b) Recruiting personnels
  - (c) ☒ Managing in-service teacher education
  - (d) Planning to enhance quality of education
72. Pre-serviced teacher training is provided to persons who:
- (a) \* Are willing to work
  - (b) Are already serving
  - (c) Are already teaching
  - (d) ☒ Want to become future teacher
73. In-service teacher training programmes are conducted:
- (a) ☒ For capacity building of teachers
  - (b) To make them busy
  - (c) To use funds
  - (d) To make them sit discipline

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26. Which is not true about lesson plan
- (a) It develops confidence
  - (b) It helps in oderly delivery of contents
  - (c) ☒ It is developed by students
  - (d) It saves from haphazard teaching
27. A good drama does not include
- (a) Interesting story
  - (b) Alive dialogues
  - (c) ☒ Very long play
  - (d) Subject full of feelings
28. Which is not the objective of Drama / role play
- (a) Recreation and enjoyment
  - (b) Development of social skills
  - (c) Development of skills of conversation
  - (d) ☒ Do make rehearsals
29. Drama or role play is useful for teaching
- (a) ☒ History
  - (b) Science
  - (c) Malts
  - (d) Language
30. The main types of teleconferencing identified are
- (a) 2
  - (b) ☒ 3
  - (c) 4
  - (d) 5
31. Which is not the types of teleconferencing
- (a) Audio teleconferencing
  - (b) Yideo teleconferencing
  - (c) ☒ T.V teleconferencing
  - (d) Computer teleconferencing

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3. Education Sector Reform (ESR) is an action plan of

- (a) 2001-2005
- (b) 2002-2006
- (c) 2003-2007
- (d) 2004-2008

Sociological roles of education are:

- (a) Conservative, Critical, Creative
- (b) Creative, Critical, Evaluation
- (c) Pedagogical, Critical, Conservative
- (d) Creative, Conservative, Pedagogical

Elements of educational process include:

- (a) Aims, Curriculum, Medium, Philosophy
- (b) Aims, Curriculum, Philosophy, Administration
- (c) Aims, Curriculum, Administration, Medium
- (d) Aim, Curriculum, Pedagogy, Evaluation

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8. In how many groups are computers classified by size?  
(a) 2 (b) 3  
(c) 4 (d) 5
9. Computer that measures data in a continuous process is called:  
(a) Analog Computer (b) Digital Computer  
(c) Hybrid Computer (d) None of above
10. Input device is:  
(a) Scanner (b) Monitor  
(c) Printer (d) Plotter
11. Which is not the input unit?  
(a) Scanner (b) Mouse  
(c) Monitor (d) Keyboard
12. Output device is:  
(a) Camera (b) Scanner  
(c) Printer (d) Mouse
13. Which is not out put device?  
(a) Monitors (b) Printers  
(c) Plotters (d) Keyboard
14. Computer that represents physical quantities in figures is:  
(a) Analog Computer (b) Digital Computer  
(c) Hybrid Computer (d) None of above
15. Which is the part of Computer?  
(a) System unit (b) Input device  
(c) Out put device (d) All above

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123. The process in which all community members learn from each other without prior planning is:
- (a) Global Education (b) ☒ Informal Education  
(c) Universal Education (d) Operational Education
124. The field of study associated with exploring realities and general principles is called:
- (a) Psychology (b) Sociology  
(c) Anthropology (d) ☒ Philosophy
125. Education philosophy which lays emphasis on delivery of standard curriculum through subject centred direct instruction by teacher:
- (a) Perennialism (b) ☒ Essentialism  
(c) Progressivism (d) Reconstruction
126. Learning theories define learning and explain how learning takes place, hence change in learning theory changes:
- (a) ☒ Pedagogy (b) Curriculum  
(c) Objectives (d) Contents
127. Field of study directly concerned with teaching learning process and educational psychology is:
- (a) Philosophy (b) Sociology  
(c) ☒ Psychology (d) Biology
128. The main purpose of Deoband Movement was to:
- (a) ☒ Preserve the islamic identity of Muslims of Sub-Continent  
(b) Motivate Muslims for independence  
(c) Bridging gap between modern and religious education  
(d) Imparting muslims with scientific knowledge

## INTRODUCT

129. Nadv  
prom  
(a)  
(b)  
(c) ☒  
(d)
130. The  
Jam  
(a)  
(b)  
(c)  
(d) ☒
131. "No  
serv  
(a)  
(b) ☒  
(c)  
(d)
132. It v  
wil  
and  
19  
(a)  
(b)  
(c) ☒  
(d)

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B.Ed (401)  
**INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATION**

**SECTION - I (MCQs)**

1. Education is derived from a latin word
  - (a) Educate
  - (b) Educere
  - (c) Evolution
  - (d) Learning
2. Educere means
  - (a) To draw out
  - (b) To guide
  - (c) To point out
  - (d) To help
3. "Education is the creation of a sound mind in a sound body" is the saying of
  - (a) Plato
  - (b) Comenius
  - (c) Aristotle
  - (d) Dewey
4. The best definition of education is that it is
  - (a) Preparation for life
  - (b) Getting knowledge
  - (c) Learning
  - (d) Growth resulting from experiences
5. Education according to John Dewey is
  - (a) Preparation for life
  - (b) Getting knowledge
  - (c) Learning to do by doing
  - (d) Schooling

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128. She dispersed powdery snow with her  
 (a) ☒ Feet (b) Hands  
 (c) Bat (d) Stick
129. The Storm burst  
 (a) Late (b) After its time  
 (c) ☒ Before time (d) One day earlier

### ODE ON A GRECIAN URN

130. "Ode on a Grecian Urn" is written by  
 (a) Words worth (b) ☒ John Keats  
 (c) W.B. Yeast (d) Robert Frost
131. The word Urn means  
 (a) Flower (b) Painting  
 (c) ☒ Vase like vessel (d) Monument
132. The word ode means  
 (a) Dress (b) Bad  
 (c) Good (d) ☒ Serious address
133. The word mysterious means  
 (a) New (b) ☒ Strange  
 (c) Old (d) Mix
134. Which one is not described by poet  
 (a) Musicians (b) Lover  
 (c) Trees (d) ☒ Birds
135. The poem teaches  
 (a) Patriotism (b) Beauty  
 (c) Truth (d) ☒ Beauty and truth

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(A) Discovery method

(B) Discussion method

(C) Lecture method

(D) Demonstration method

9. *In teaching, experienced members guide the immature one's for:*

(A) Spending time

(B) Qualification

(C) Quality of life

(D) Adjustment of life

10. *Which is not the focal point of triangular process of teaching?*

(A) Teaching method

(B) Teacher

(C) Pupil

(D) Contents

11. *The goal of teaching is:*

(A) To give information

(B) To involve pupils in activities

(C) To impart knowledge

(D) Desirable change in behaviour

12. *The rules of presenting the contents to make them easy are called:*

(A) Methods of teaching

(B) Maxims of teaching

(C) Techniques of teaching

(D) Teaching strategies

13. *Heuristic means:*

(A) To investigate

(B) To show

(C) To do

(D) To act

14. *According to Kilpatrick, the types of projects are:*

(A) 2

(B) 3

(C) 4

(D) 5

15. *Activity involves:*

(A) Physical action

(B) Mental action

(C) Mere action

(D) Physical and mental action

16. *We move from specific to general in:*

(A) Inductive method

(B) Deductive method

(C) Drill method

(D) Discussion method

17. *Practice is made in:*

(A) Inductive method

(B) Deductive method

(C) Drill method

(D) Discussion method

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Pervaiz Iqbal



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