

UNIVERSITY OF EDUCATION

"UEXAM" Semester-IV, 2019

BS Physics Session:2017-21

Course Code: MATH2116

Subject: Analytic Geometry

No. 35

Roll No. (in fig.) \_\_\_\_\_

Roll No. (in words) \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's Signature. \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Addl. Supdt. \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION: I (MCQ's)

Time Allowed: 20 Minutes

Max. Marks: 18

NOTE: Encircle the correct/ best answer in each of the followings. Each Question carries 1 mark. Use of remover carries zero mark. Cutting and Overwriting is not allowed.

Q1.

- Analyze the conic represented by  $29x^2 - 24xy + 36y^2 + 1185x - 24y - 55 = 0$ 
  - a) Parabola      b) Hyperbola      c) Circle      d) Ellipse
- The parametric eq.  $x = cost, y = sint$ , represents circle for the interval
  - a)  $0 \leq t \leq \pi$       b)  $0 < t < \pi$       c)  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$       d)  $0 < t < 2\pi$
- A four petal rose of radius 1 formed with equation  $r = a \cos n\theta$ , if  $n=?$ 
  - a) 4      b) 2      c) 3      d) odd
- A polar curve  $r = -2\sin\theta$  is plotted as
  - a) circle      b) Limacon      c) spiral      d) Cardioid
- The equation of the parabola with focus  $(0, p)$  and directrix  $y = -p$  is
  - a)  $y^2 = 4px$       b)  $x^2 = 4py$       c)  $y^2 = -4px$       d)  $x^2 = -4py$
- The slope of the tangent line to the curve where curve  $r = 2 \sin \theta$  at  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  is
  - a)  $\sqrt{3}$       b)  $-\sqrt{3}$       c)  $1/\sqrt{3}$       d) 2
- The conic  $r = \frac{8}{3 - \cos\theta}$  is.
  - a) Parabola.      b) Ellipse.      c) Hyperbola      d) Circle
- The unit vector in the direction of  $v = (3, -1, 7)$  is
  - a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{59}}v$       b)  $\sqrt{59}v$       c)  $59v$       d) 1
- Consider two points  $A(3,4,0)$  and  $B(0,0,5)$  then  $|\overline{AB}| = ?$ 
  - a) 50      b)  $\sqrt{50}$       c) 5      d) 16
- If  $u = (0, -3, 0)$  then  $\|u\| = ?$ 
  - a) 9      b) -9      c) 3      d) 0
- If the initial point of  $a = 3i - 2j$  is  $(1, -2)$ , what is the terminal point
  - a)  $(-4, 4)$       b)  $(4, -4)$       c)  $(2, -4)$       d)  $(4, 0)$
- $\det|i \times (i + j + k)| = ?$ 
  - a)  $-j + k$       b)  $-j \times k$       c)  $j + k$       d) 1
- $z^2 = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}$  represents
  - a) Ellipsoid      b) Ellipsoid Cone.      c) Elliptic Parabola      d) Hyperboloid.
- $r = 1 - 2\cos\theta$  is the equation of
  - a) Limacon.      b) Cardioid      c) 2 leafed rose      d) Lemniscate.
- Equation of Rectangular hyperbola is
  - a)  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$       b).  $x^2 - y^2 = a^2$       c)  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$       d)  $a^2x^2 - b^2y^2 = 1$
- If the terminal point of  $v = 3i - 2j$  is  $(4, -4)$ , what is the initial point
  - a)  $(-4, 4)$       b)  $(4, -4)$       c)  $(2, -4)$       d).  $(1, -2)$
- Centre of hyperbola  $y^2 - x^2 - 10y + 6x = 0$  is
  - a)  $(4, 4)$       b)  $(4, 0)$       c)  $(2, 4)$       d).  $(1, 2)$
- Focus of  $x^2 + 6x - 8y + 17 = 0$  is
  - a).  $(-3, 3)$       b)  $(0, -3)$       c)  $(1, 3)$       d)  $(3, 3)$

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Max. Marks: 42

Section II (Short Answer)

Q.2- Write short answers of the following.

3x6 = 18

- (i) Analyze and graph the conic  $xy = 1$ .
- (ii) Find the pedal equation of  $r^m = a^m \sin m\theta$
- (iii) Find the exact arc length of the curve over stated interval

$$x = 2 \sin^{-1} t, y = \ln(1 - t^2), \quad \left(0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2}\right).$$

- (iv) Prove that the angle between a diagonal of a cube and one of its edge is  $54.7^\circ$
- (v) Sketch the graph of ellipse  $x^2 + 2y^2 = 4$
- (vi) Find the distance between point  $(0, 1, 5)$  and plane  $3x + 6y - 2z - 5 = 0$

Section III (Essay Type)

Answer the following Questions

6x4 = 24

Q.3- Find the area of region in the first quadrant that is with-in the Cardiod  $r = 1 - \cos \theta$

Q.4- Sketch the hyperbola, and label the vertices, foci and asymptotes for  $9y^2 - x^2 = 36$

Q.5- Show that the curves

$$r^m = a^m \cos m\theta \quad \text{and} \quad r^m = a^m \sin m\theta$$

cut each other orthogonally.

Q.6- Find the equation of the plane through the points  
 $P(4, -1, 2)$ ,  $Q(-3, -2, -1)$  and  $R(4, -1, 3)$