

UNIVERSITY OF EDUCATION

"UEXAM" Semester-IV, 2019

MA Special Education Session: 2017-19

Course Code: SPED4141 (Physically Challenged Children)

Subject: Teaching of Mathematics to PCC

SECTION: I (MCQ's)

Time Allowed: 20 Minutes

Max. Marks: 18

NOTE: Encircle the correct/ best answer in each of the followings. Each Question carries 1 mark. Use of remover carries zero mark. Cutting and Overwriting is not allowed.

No. 07

Roll No. (in fig.) _____

Roll No. (in words) _____

Candidate's Signature. _____

Signature of Addl. Supdt. _____

Q1.

- Methods for quality math instruction include using visuals, making connections, using formative assessments, and teaching strategic thinking.
a. Making connections b. Using formative assessments c. Using visuals d. All
- Math deals with:
a. Subjectivity b. Objectivity c. Problem solving d. None
- Arithmetic, algebra, geometry, and calculus are branches of:
a. Mathematics b. Physics c. Engineering d. Numeric
- Which method is not for teaching of mathematics:
a. Lecture b. Rote memorization c. Both A & B d. None
- Drawing ----- is the process of evaluating information and making appropriate judgments:
a. Analytical Conclusion b. logical conclusions c. All d. None
- The student has the ability to transfer their knowledge into new situations and apply it to new contexts:
a. Procedural Understanding b. Theoretical Understanding
c. Conceptual Understanding d. None
- For children to succeed in mathematics, a number of brain functions need to work together:
a. Cognitive Theory b. Learning Theory c. Both A & B d. None
- Inductive approach is advocated by:
a. Pestalozzi b. Francis Bacon, c. Both a & b d. None
- Mathematics is the ----- activity which consists in carrying out constructs one after the other:
a. Mental b. Practical c. Social d. Economic
- Inductive approach proceeds from:
a. Concrete instance to abstract rules b. Known to unknown c. Simple to complex d. All
- Square of an odd number is:
a. Even b. Odd c. Doubled d. None
- $3^2 =$:
a. 33 b. 6 c. 9 d. 5
- Deductive approach proceeds from:
a. Simple to Complex b. Concrete to Abstract c. Known to unknown d. Unknown to Known
- Learning by doing:
a. Deductive Method b. Inductive Method c. Laboratory method d. Drill Method
- Human intellectual development progresses through four sequential stages.
a. Jean Piaget b. Skinner c. Vygostky d. Romberg
- Measuring tools such as:
a. Both B & D b. Ruler c. Only D d. Protractors
- Mathematics problems have ----- right answer:
a. More than one b. Only one c. Both B & D d. Three
- Mathematics is the ----- and key to all sciences:
a. Art b. Method c. Aid d. Gateway

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Max. Marks: 42

Section II (Short Answer)

Q.2- Write short answers of the following.

3x6 = 18

- i. Enlist 5 methods of teaching mathematics.
- ii. Define mathematics.
- iii. Discuss Procedural understanding of mathematical connections.
- iv. What is meant by mathematical communication? Give two examples.
- v. Differentiate inductive and deductive approaches of teaching mathematics.
- vi. How teaching learning aids of teaching mathematics are important for achievements?

Section III (Essay Type)

Answer the following Questions

6x4 = 24

- Q.3:- Discuss criteria for successful problem solving in mathematics at elementary level.
- Q.4:- Give brief explanation about stages of Jean Piaget's cognitive theory in perspective of mathematics.
- Q.5:- How does use of technology in teaching mathematics affect learning mathematics?
- Q.6:- Explain sequence of elementary mathematics curriculum in detail.